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A. HARTER,

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IF I SHOULD SEE THE KING GO BY.

If I should see the King go by
With all his retinue,
In broidered robes of red and gold,
And gems of many a hue;
Then would I sigh?
Not I, not I—
No crowned head at peace may lie.

If I should see the King go by,
And should he say to me;
"O friend, 'twere meet that you and I
Should alter fate's decree,
Come, don my robes!"
Not I, not I—
The King's robe is the target's eye.

If I should see the King go by
Along the King's highway,
Methinks that I would rise and cry;
"O King, rejoice to-day!"
For who'll deny—
Not I, not I—
That Kings have many ways to die?

THEO'S LOVE.

Isabel had managed to get through with the ceremony very creditably indeed. She had succeeded in looking queenly and elegant, and Mr. Van Verst had shown all his pride in his handsome eyes when he looked at her.

She had not trembled nor appeared in the least nervous, but, as her first bridesmaid said, behaved as though she were in the habit of getting married every day.

After the ceremony, she had gone through the tedious reception, and stood, yet serious—grave, yet pleasant—while her dear five hundred friends kissed her, and took her hand, and congratulated her—her feminine friends, who, in their secret souls, were envious of her good luck in having "secured" the handsome, stately man beside her, who filled his position and did the honors as a prince of the blood royal might have done—whose name was a power in social, financial and political circles, and who had condescended from his high estate to woo lovely Isabel Lisle.

And now they were "married and a'." Ceremony, reception and breakfast were over, and well over, and Mrs. Van Verst had retired to her dressing-room to change her toilet of white satin and lace, pearls and diamonds, and white roses, for the charming traveling costume of ecru silk and Persian embroidered garnet cashmere.

Just a little to the surprise of the vivacious girls who were supposed to be indispensable on the momentous occasion, Isabel told them she really very much prefered attending upon herself; and, as Isabel usually had her own way, Mabel and Maude left her, with a loving, saucy little protest.

And she laughed, and turned them out and then—

Regardless of the magnificence of her trailing bridal robes, unmerciful of the rare and costly white roses she crushed so ruthlessly, this bride of an hour, when she had locked her door and dashed down the curtains, flung herself on her knees beside the lounge, in a perfect ecstasy of grief —knelt there, shivering and praying.

She could not cry; it seemed as if all her tears had "forever left her eyes to curdle around her heart." She did not even make the slightest sound, but, oh! the awful, unspeakable, pent-up agony she suffered, until she wondered she did not die then and there—until she prayed God to let her die as she was, or else remove the burden.

And the why and wherefore was, that since the night and hour eigteen months before, when she and Theo. Edmerton had parted in proud, indignant coldness —they two who had worshiped each other as even fond lovers not often worship—Isabel Lisle had never spent one happy moment. Not once had she heard of him or from him. He had disappeared as thoroughly from society as though he were dead, and so how could she have known that in his pique, and stubbornness, and unyielding pride, he had put the ocean, foreign countries, deserts, between them!

All she knew was, he made no sign; all he realized was, he had gone so far in his displeasure as to give her no opportunity in her penitent relenting, to be reconciled. And now, this fair, bright day she was Horace Van Verst's wife.

Some one rapped softly on the door, bringing Isabel to her senses. Had it been a minute or an hour since she knelt there, shivering, writhing with longing pain and utter abandonment of despair.

Maud St. Willis's cheerful voice called out:

"A belated wedding present, Bell—a check for $1,000, or a Government bond I dare say, seeing it is contained in an envelope. Can't I come in?"

"Not quite yet, dear. I'll take the parcel, please."

She unlocked the door and received it; then with the first sob of pain that had passed her lips yet, she sank faint and weak upon the nearest chair, as she recognized Theo. Edmerton's handwriting. She did not at once open it; she could not, for the cold trembling of her hands. She sat there, her heart seeming to stop its beating, until a girlish voice, as somebody passed the door, speaking about the time of trains, roused her again into a sort of desperate defiance to herself.

And then she tore open the envelope and read this:

"Without any doubt you will be surprised to receive my most elaborate congratulations on the auspicious event that has given to your husband the sincere, undivided love your heart, and bestow upon youself the title that means, in your case, that your affections are so surely, so sincerely placed upon a gentleman so worthy—"

The vein of icy-fond sarcasm suddenly ceased—even the correct, elegant handwriting changed into a hurried half-illegible scrawl:

"Isabel, what have you done? My God! *what* have you done? Could you not have waited a little while? You have ruined my hope, my happiness, my faith and trust in woman. You have killed me—killed me! May God forgive you, and, if ever I prayed, I pray now that I may forget I ever loved—yes, that I love more madly than ever."

Such a letter—such despair, and such hopeless bitterness, such anguish of missery, such pain of anger—and Mrs. Van Verst crushed it in her hand, till the paper was a mass of broken fragments.

"I *will* forget him—I will *not* go to my husband with such thoughts in my heart! My God, I will be true—I must be true! Oh, *make* me—*make* me true to him, and don't let me swerve! Heaven help me!"

And with hands clasped and lovely eyes uplifted, she stood one moment, until a loving Father laid His blessing of endurance and patience, and earnest resolution and consciousness of His own strength and presence, upon her heart, that was sick unto despair.

Half an hour later she looked up into her husband's face, as they sat alone in the coach that was conveying them to the depot—such a good, grand face that accompanied the character, no woman could come in contact with and fail to thoroughly revere and admire. And a sudden little thrill of humble content warmed in her eyes and quivered into a peaceful smile, as as she laid her hand on his.

"I mean to be such a good wife, Horace," she said, gently.

"My darling, I know it;" he answered her. "And I am most blessed of any man on God's earth to-day."

So their wedded life began.

Two years afterwards, and half a city in mourning, because of the pitiless scourge that the hot midsummer days had swept relentlessly down upon it. And in a nearly deserted hotel, where fashion, and beauty and wealth had fled before the grim oncoming of the pestilence, two people lying dead—young, handsome even in death, with refinement and nobility on their marble faces.

And the death-roll, that morning, telegraphed to happier Northern cities, contained these names: "Mr. Horace Van Verst, and his wife, Mrs. Isabel Lisle Van Verst;" while in an adjoining room, rosy, healthy, joyous and unconscious of her awful loss, their baby girl, a year old, watched over by one careful nurse, while another, gray-haired and tearful, was hurriedly making preparations to leave the accursed fever-striken city.

Theo. Edmerton had taken up his position at the foot of the grand stair case, and was rather enjoying looking on at the gay crowd that was fast filling Mrs. Wyllard's parlors, and especially looking, as not for the first, or the second, or the dozenth time he had looked just so eagerly, at lovely Vivian Gwyneth.

Of late, Edmerton had been passing through a strange experience, and fair-haired Vivian was very intimately connected with it—so intimately that, during these past few weeks, Edmerton had come to know that had happened to him he had thought never could happen to him again, after the desolate, waste time in his life, when Isabel Lisle had married another.

He had thought never to renew his faith and trust in woman. He had no hope nor wish that the week that he had believed himself in love and passion should ever be made anew. And then, right into all the *debris* of his affections Vivian Gwyneth had come with sympathy and healing.

Until, standing and watching her to-night, the fairest, brightest star in Mrs. Wyllard's brilliant assemblage, Theo Edmerton knew he loved her.

Until he was wondering what the remnant of his heretofore unblessed life would be worth to him if, when he asked lovely Vivian for her love, she should withold it.

For he had made up his mind slowly, during the past few weeks, that he was warranted in asking her.

He was almost sure she cared for him, and yet, if it should so happen that she did not!

An hour afterward he stood before Vivian Gwyneth, alone with her, in the fragrant, half-dim fernery, with his handsome face yale with passionate pleading, his eyes full of masterful tenderness, as he told her how he loved her, and asked for her sweet self in return.

And Vivian?

I think it was the sweetest way a woman ever gave herself to her lover, that which she did, in her own perfect way, so proud, so tender, so charmingly shy:

"Before I answer you," she said, lifting her glorious eyes to his in a swift, radiant, little glance—"before I answer you, let me show you—this—the picture of him I have loved all my life. Even as a baby I began to worship it. It was my ideal—I have worn it night and day. Would you care to have me to tell you what you wish, knowing what I have told you?"

A gasping sort of vague fear crept chilly over him in that one instant when she laid a diamond-crusted gold locket in his hand.

And then he opened it to look into his own eyes—the picture he had given Isabel Lisle nineteen years before.

She smiled in his astonished face.

"You don't know—no one knows but my dear adopted parents—that I am Isabel Lisle's child; but I know *you*, Theo, the first time I saw you, and I think, if I had not had mamma's locket. I should still have known you from her letters and diary I have kept. Are you sorry I am mamma's daughter?"

Was it possible—was it possible? Isabel's child!

Then all the passion came radiantly back to his pale face and astonished eyes, as he held out his arms caressingly.

I think your mother has given you to me. I loved her, but not as I love you, oh, my little one! Vivian will you come to me? Will you give yourself to me?"

And she stepped inside the outstretched arms, and laid her bright head on his breast, and made him realize that it was for his highest human happiness that fate had seemed so apparently cruel in all those past dreary years, which now, in one little moment, was blotted out forever.

The Bedroom.

A bedroom should impress the observer with the idea of a dainty cleanliness reigning supreme in every part of it, while the prevalence of cool, soothing tones of color suggest repose and rest. The paint might be delicate chocolate, the walls soft peagreen; no color equals green for giving rest to the eyes, and in its paler tints it offers a pleasant sense of coolness during the most sultry days of summer, while they are free from the suspicion of coldness seen in many of the gray shades commonly used. Light colors make a room appear larger than the dark shades. Woodwork, painted chocolate, and cream walls look well with bright blue furniture covering and curtains, or maroon paint and citrine well with deep blue. A wall of a pale tone of blue and sagegreen woodwork will harmonize with furniture coverings bearing a design of autumn tinted leaves. Stained boards are without doubt best for bed-rooms; a square of carpet covers the centre, leaving three feet all round the room. Dust invariably collects under furniture and draughts of air sweep it up into the corners; but the boards, being without a covering, allow of its being easily taken up with a duster. Then, too, the carpet being simply laid down, there is no difficulty in the way of its being often shaken; no tacks have to be taken out or heavy wardrobes moved, so that there is no possible excuse for its being left down until the dust accumulates thickly

Salt for the Throat.

In these days, when diseases of the throat are so universally prevalent, and in so many cases fatal, we feel it our duty to say a word in behalf of a most effectual, if not positive, cure for sore throat. For years past, indeed we may say during the whole of a life of more than forty years, we have been subjected to sore throat, and more particularly to a dry hacking cough, which is not only distressing to ourself, but to our friends and those with whom we are brought into business contact. Last fall we were induced to try what virtue there was in common salt. We commenced by using it three times a day, morning, noon, and night, We dissolved a large tablespoonful of pure salt in about half a small tumbler full of water. With this we gargled the throat most thoroughly just before meal time. The result has been that during the entire winter we were not only free from coughs and colds, but the dry hacking cough has entirely disappeared. We attribute these satisfactory results solely to the use of the salt gargle, and most cordially recommend a trial of it to those who are subject to diseases of the throat. Many parsons who have never tried the salt gargle have the impression that it is unpleasant. Such is not the case. On the contrary, it is pleasant, and after a few days use, no person who loves a nice clean mouth and a first-rate sharpener of the appetite will abandon it.

How Rats Steal Honey.

When the clerks in a certain Rochester drug-store are not operating with the mortar and pestle, or compounding a black draught, or mixing equal parts of Turkey rhubarb and hydrocanic acid (for children teething), or spreading shoemaker's wax on porous plasters, or engaged in any of the multifarious modes of making themselves useful known to apprentice apothecaries; in a word, when they have an idle hour and a friend to entertain, they resort to a plan decidedly novel and not without interest to lovers of anecdotes about animals. What the boys do is to take the honey jar from the shelf, take the stopper from its mouth and place it near a rat-hole from which one of the rodents emerges quickly when the store is quiet. It discovers the presence of the honey in a short time through the assistance of its nose, and then puts in practice a plan it has found to work well for reaching the sweet contents of the jar. The expedient is simply to insert its tail in the mouth of the jar deep enough to reach the honey, then withdraw it and suck the linked sweetness at its leisure. The clerks are ready to swear this story is true, and they are now carefully observing, for the benefit of science, the effect on the human family of strained honey in which rats' tails have been soaked.

THE idea has become prevalent that the young ladies who practice tight lacing are fast. This is an error, as they are really the most stayed among their sex.

How to Learn Botany.

Botany is usually regarded as a very dull and difficult study, even for advanced students, and of course quite too dry and hard for young children. This is all a mistake. Botany is really a most fascinating study for children or grown people. It is better adapted than almost any other to cultivate the very faculties which are not stimulated by other studies. The secret of success consists in making each student an independent explorer and discoverer. Taught by an enthusiastic teacher, botany awakens and strengthens powers of accurate observation, acute perception and correct classification, such as are needed to make life useful and happy. The study of botany may be commenced at any time. The best time is early spring. Suppose we start with a family of young people from seven years old to twenty. We meet every day. For our first lesson we study any plant, or part of a plant, that we have at hand. Each makes a sketch on paper, and writes a minute description of it. Then we put some seeds, or grains, such as beans, corns, oats, etc., in warm water to soak till the next day. At the second lesson we open some of these softened seeds, and observe their internal structure. The older and wiser ones tell the younger ones what they know about the seeds. Then we plant the remainder, some in earth and some between layers of damp cotton floating on a tumbler of water. While waiting a few days for these to sprout, we bring up from the cellar onions, potatoes, celery, cabbages, etc. Each object is examined externally and internally, sketched and described in writing. Some of them are planted in earth and put in warm places, that we may study their growth. Looking out of the windows, we examine each tree and shrub in sight, sketching and describing twig, branch, trunk and bark and swelling bud. We cut cross sections, and compare them with cross sections of bamboo or palm stems, as seen in common fans. We cut vertical sections, and compare them with the wood used in making furniture. The flowers and plants in the window are sketched and described down to the most minute particulars. Now we begin to study a book on botany. Our seeds are beginning to germinate and illustrate the first lessons, and our leader takes care that in all our course our investigations shall keep in advance of our book lesson, that we have the pleasure of making discoveries and finding them confirmed. Each day we recite something previously learned; find plants to illustrate it, and others to lead in the direction of the next lesson. Then taking some plant (if possible a complete one from root to flower and seed), we examine, sketch and describe it. Then turning to the analytical tables, we trace the description till we determine the species. We commit to memory and recite some of the distinguishing characteristics of the family, thus becoming so familiar with them that in future we need not go through with the tabular analysis. We press and preserve specimens of all plants analyzed. As soon as possible we pursue our studies in the fields and woods. In each of these excursions we study one particular organ or part of a plant. Sometimes collecting the greatest possible variety of leaves, we sit down and compare the different forms. Sometimes we do the same with roots. Thus we learn a great deal about plants which we cannot analyze, because some part is lacking.

In studying botany in the ordinary way very little enthusiasm is awakened; but, studying it in the way described, vastly more interest is excited, and more knowledge gained. A thousand beauties are discovered which the books pass over unnoticed. Any young person who has studied botany for a single season could conduct a class on the plan I have described. It is a shame that country children should be allowed to grow up ignorant of natural objects around them. It is time that educated people, school boards, etc., should see that arithmetic and geography are not the only sciences worth studying. Agricultural societies would help to educate the young people if they would offer premiums for proficiency in natural science as well as manufactured articles.

Dead Branchts.

According to a first-class authority it has been clearly demonstrated that a dead branch on a tree makes almost as great a strain on the main plant for moisture as does a living one. It is one of the most important discoveries of modern botanical science to the practical horticulturist, as by this knowledge he can save many a valuable tree. When one has been transplanted some roots get injured, and the supply of moisture in the best cases is more or less deficient. Any dead branch, or any weak one, should therefore be at once cut away. So in pruning trees at transplanting, the large lifeful branches should not be cut back as is generally done, but the weak, half-dead ones that are usually left, should be the ones to cut away. The large, stout ones are reservoirs of the sap, which the plant needs; the half-dead ones draw on these reservoirs and contribute nothing of their own. It has been found that deciduous trees can be transplanted easily all through the summer season by simply cutting out all the weak and miserable wood and leaving a few main branches with their foliage.

Married or Martyred.

He walked into the office looking much like a man pretty well satisfied with general results, and said:

"Can I see the editor?"

He was shown that eminently useful adjunct to a newspaper at once.

"Good morning, sir," he cheerily began.

"Mornin'," said the editor.

"I came in," he proceeded, "to tell you of a misprint in the paper."

"Yes. What is it?"

"Well, you see, I sent a notice around yesterday that Mr. Smith had been married, and your compositor, I see, has got it Mr. Smith has just been martyred, but I guess it don't hardly make enough difference to change it."

The editor scratched his head a minute and thought of house-cleaning and other female eccentricities, and told the visitor, of course it didn't and he went away whistling, "Why should the spirit of mortal be proud?"

The Crooked Course of Love.

Five years ago a maiden fair, whose home was a little town near Macon, Ga., anxiously awaited an important letter from her absent lover. Days passed wearily. The sighing lass haunted the post-office, but the postmaster's face always bore that look of exasperating quietude common to those from whom expected things never come. The maiden thought that her heart would break, for she realized at last that her lover was faithless. The scene shifts. It is September, 1881. In Macon dwells the same lady, but she is now a happy wife, with two children. She has forgotten the faithless one of her days of woe. She is therefore surprised when from the town of her youth comes a letter bearing as a superscription to her maiden name that derived from her husband. An accompanying note from the postmaster explains that in tearing away some of the boards of a letter-case the missive was found. The envelope is postmarked "1876." The lady spanks the baby to keep it quiet while she eagerly devours the contents. "Heavens! it is from John," who proposes in loving words, and begs a kind reply. The lady's husband also enjoys the letter, and, out of curiosity, communicates with relatives of the former lover. It is learnt that he is a happy Chicago packer, with a wife and three sons.

Queen Elizabeth's Youth.

Elizabeth Tudor, the famous queen, was born September 7, 1533, at a beautiful palace on the Thames, at Greenwich. Her father was the cruel Henry VIII., the husband of six wives in succession; her mother was the fair, unfortunate Annie Boleyn. Her birth was the occasion of a splendid ceremony. At her baptism the Lord Mayor of London and his officers came in state to Greenwich, clad in gold and purple. The nobility and the clergy assembled, and brought rich gifts of gold, silver and jewels. The trumpets sounded, the people cheered, and the infant princess was brought back to the palace with blazing torches by a crowd of gaily clad attendants. For nearly three years she was looked upon as the heir to the crown; a palace was given her, and she seemed destined only to good fortune. But now her cruel father cut off her mother, Anne Boleyn's head, and married another. Elizabeth was neglected, and was left without clothes and almost without food. "She hath neither gown, nor kirtle, nor petticoat," wrote her governess of her, and "no meat at home." Her father forgot his child, and seemed almost to desire that she might die, like her mother.

His third wife, Jane Seymour, died, leaving a son Edward, who was to be King of England. Elizabeth was now treated with kindness, and formed a strong affection for her young brother. She was about four years older than he was. As they grew up they were educated together in the same palace, and had the same tutors. They studied Greek, Latin, Italian, French, and learned to write well. At twelve, Elizabeth could compose in French and Italian; and when Edward was about twelve, he began to keep a journal, which is still read with pleasure. Their elder sister, Mary Tudor, afterward the cruel queen, was sometimes with them. Their father, Henry VIII., gave them excellent teachers, and they lived in happiness together several years. But Henry had in the meantime divorced one wife (Anne of Cleves), cut off the head of another (Catharine Howard), and he finally married a widow, Catharine Parr, who outlived him. He died in 1547. When the news of his death was brought to Elizabeth and Edward, who were in the room together, they burst into floods of tears.

Edward went up to London and became king at nine years of age. Elizabeth fell into bad health, grew pale and thin, and for many months seemed scarcely to hope for life. She wrote sometimes to Edward, and their fondness for each other still continued. She grew up tall, fair, her eyes blue, her hair red or auburn, her nose prominent, her manners pleasant and attractive. She played on the viol, danced, sang, read Greek, spoke Latin easily, and was fond of literature; she made translations from the Italian, and was one of the most intelligent persons of the time. At this period she dressed very plainly, and lived a studious life. In 1553 Edward died, at sixteen. Mary, his eldest sister, became queen, and at one moment wished to put Elizabeth to death. She was carried to the Tower, passed through the Traitor's Gate, and was a prisoner for many months. At last Mary relented, and set her free. Marry died in 1558 and Elizabeth became Queen of England.

Her life can scarcely be called a happy one, for she was in constant danger of assassination, and her enemies on all sides threatened to deprive her of her crown. Her chief rival and foe was her second cousin, Mary, Queen of Scots. Mary was Queen of Scotland, and claimed to be Queen of England. She said Elizabeth had no right to the throne. Mary was suspected of murdering her husband, Darnley, was driven from Scotland by the people, and became Elizabeth's prisoner for nineteen years. She was always plotting against her cousin; sometimes she planned the assassination of the Queen with the discontented English, and sometimes she called upon the Kings of France and Spain to invade England, and place her on its throne. Mary's long captivity and various misfortunes have made her an object of lasting interest. Like all the Tudors, she was very intelligent and very cruel. Elizabeth kept her for nineteen years a state prisoner in different castles. At last, when some new plot was discovered, it was thought necessary to put her to death. Elizabeth signed the order for her cousin's execution with tears and hesitation. She had no doubt, some humanity.

Soon after, Philip II. of Spain sent the great armada to conquer England and destroy Elizabeth; but the brave English sailors defeated the Spaniards, and the great fleet was washed to pieces on the coasts of Scotland and Ireland. Elizabeth's reign was a very famous one. Shakespeare and Spencer were its poets; Bacon, Cecil and Raleigh, its active leaders. The Queen was always fond of reading, and spoke Latin to the students at Oxford. But she grew vain, proud, and forgot her early simplicity. At sixteen she had worn only plain clothes, and lived in quiet study; at sixty she covered herself with laces, brocades and satins, and left at her death three thousand costly dresses and eighty wigs. She never married; and when she died, in 1603, James I., the son of her cousin and rival, Mary, Queen of Scots, became king.

Translated by the Queen.

A good story reaches us from Belgium, the truth of which is guaranteed. A banking house at Verviers recently received a letter from a bank at Buda Pesth. The recipients knew that it related to a matter of great importance; but, unfortunately, they could not master the contents of the missive, as it was written in the Hungarian language, and there was not a soul at Verviers who understood that tongue. Accordingly, one of the partners took a journey to Brussels, expecting to find everything he wanted at the Capital, but only to be disappointed—nobody at the banks could read Hungarian. There was, however, still the Austro-Hungarian Embassy, whither the banker betook himself, to learn that there was an attache who spoke Hungarian, but he had gone to Biarritz for some sea bathing. Almost in despair, the hero of the story called upon the Bourgomaster, with whom he was acquainted, and related his troubles. After some thought his worship, striking his forehead, exclaimed: "After all, sometimes our most foolish ideas prove the best." With this enigmatical observation he asked for the lerrer.

The next day he returned the original to the gentleman from Verviers, with a translation in French, in a neat, feminine hand. "To what Hungarian fairy do I owe this good fortune?" asked the delighted banker. "This is an affair involving some millions, and I shall be happy to pay a handsome *douceur* to the translator who has enabled me to get at the meaning of the letter in time to conclude the affair," "I take you at your word," replied the Bourgomaster. "Give me 10,000f. for the poor of Brussels for the translator is none other than the Queen. She has experienced lively satisfaction in employing her knowledge of the Hungarian language to oblige one of her subjects," The Queen of the Belgians is a daughter of the Archduke Joseph, whose beneficient rule of Hungary is still remembered by the people, and she was born in the capital city during her father's palatinate.

Woodcock Telegraphy.

On a number of occasions I have closely observed the woodcock's system of telegraphy. The bird's mandibles are furnished with extremely sensitive nerves, so arranged that when the point of the bill rests upon the ground the slightest sounds are conveyed to its brain. Standing upon the water-saturated earth of a spouty bog, our bird utters a faint, keen cry, scarcely audible at two rods' distance, then immediately lets fall his head till the tip of his bill touches the ground, and listens attentively. If his mate hears him she replies, puts her bill on the ground, and listens in turn. So the love messages go back and forth as long as the birds have anything to say. This sort of thing usually happens in the soft twilights from May to the middle of August, though occasionally I have seen and heard it in the broad daylight of a summer day. In June 1868, I made the following note: "To-day sketched a woodcock in the listening attitude. Shall try to get further studies." Five years later I succeeded in getting three more sketches and last year (1880) I got four more. Many of these and kindred sketches have been obtained at the end of indescribable care and labor. The woodcock is so shy, so attentive, so sensitive, that the least sound will cause it to skulk and hide—a thing it does with even greater cunning and success than the quail. The only way in which I ever have been able to get near enough to the bird to sketch its natural attitude has been to crawl on the wet ground through tangled weeds and shrubs until I reached a hiding place on the border of its feeding range, and there patiently and silently watch for its coming. This I have done over and over again for days together before getting sight of the bird

On the Cow-Catcher.

In a railroad car the seats were all full except one, which was occupied by a pleasant-looking Irishman, and at one of the stations a couple of evidently well-bred and intelligent young ladies came in to procure seats. Seeing none vacant, they were about to go to the next car when Patrick arose hastily and offered them his seat with evident pleasure.

"But you will have no seat for yourself," responded one of the young ladies with a smile, hesitating, with true politeness, to accept it.

"Niver mind that," said the gallant Hibernilan; I'd ride upon a cow-catcher to New York any time for a smile from such jintlemanly ladies!"

And he retired hastily into the next car amid the cheers of his fellow passengers.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, NOV. 17., '81

THE MILLHEIM JOURNAL

Is published every Thursday, in Musser's Building, corner of Main and Penn streets at

$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE

Or $1.25 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 week.	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 year.
square,....	$1 00	$2 00	$3 00	$4 00	$6 00
column,..	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
column,...	5 00	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00
column,...	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Job Work done on short notice.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,

Editors and Proprietors.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

P. C. Weidemyer and J. M. Dick, preachers.

Dedication services in Aaronsburg next Sunday. Bishop Bowman expected present.

Sunday School, 2 P. M.—M. I. Jamison, supt.

Methodist.

Rev. J. Benson Akers, Preacher-in-charge.

Preaching in Millheim next Sunday evening.

Sunday School at 1½ P. M.—D. A. Musser, supt.

Reformed.

Rev. C. W. E. Siegel, Pastor.

Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday evening

United Brethren.

Rev. Shannon, Preacher-in-charge.

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—Communion services at St. Paul's church, on Sunday.

United Sunday School.

Meets at 9 A. M.—H. E. Duck, supt.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 935, I. O. O. F. meets in their hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening. Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.
B. F. STOVER, Sec. R. B. HARTMAN, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.
D. L. ZERBY, Sec. T. G. ERHARD, Master.

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.
A. WALTER, Sec, B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.
J. B. Hartman, Sec. John Kreamer, Pres't.

THE COUNTY.

The result of the election in the county is all that could be desired. The entire county ticket is elected by majorities ranging from 438 for Larimer to 1697 for Harper. "Cal" leads the ticket largely, but they all have enough and to spare.

THE ELECTION.

Official Returns.

The following are the official pluralities of Baily and Noble, elcting Baily, by 7002 *plurality*. Wolfe's vote in the state was nearly 50,000 but we are unable to give it by counties this week. The result is not what we hoped it would be and if democrats had done their duty but half, Noble would have been elected. As the case stands the Camerons are again the *massas* and the large body of the republican party the serfs as much as ever. But the long lane of political infamy will make a decided turn some time. Bossism and personal rule will end in shame and disgrace some day. Patience, friends:

Counties.	Noble, D	Counties.	Bailey, R
Adams	523	Allegheny	5,839
Bedford	217	Armstrong	427
Berks	5,170	Beaver	295
Bucks	755	Blair	840
Cambria	421	Bradford	1,418
Carbon	587	Butler	188
Centre	1,147	Cameron	400
Clarion	995	Chester	1,339
Clearfield	1,153	Crawford	789
Clinton	706	Dauphin	1,893
Columbia	1,631	Delaware	843
Cumberland	1,101	Erie	526
Elk	632	Forest	116
Fayette	244	Franklin	244
Fulton	365	Huntingdon	595
Greene	1,446	Indiana	1,946
Jefferson	9	Lackawanna	14
Juniata	261	Lancaster	4,129
Lehigh	1,288	Lawrence	846
Luzerne	1,825	Lebanon	1,569
Lycoming	878	McKean	385
Mifflin	220	Mercer	364
Monroe	1,716	Philadelphia	13,509
Montgomery	442	Potter	642
Montour	449	Snyder	89
Northampton	2,464	Somerset	1,475
Northumberl'd	1,462	Susquehanna	879
Perry	15	Tioga	1,433
Pike	507	Venango	43
Schuylkill	3,126	Warren	567
Sullivan	260	Washington	659
Union	496		
Wayne	516	Total	44,032
Westmoreland	824		37,030
Wyoming	237		
York	2,761	Bailey's plurality,	7,002
Total	37,050		

Attorney General Palmer is after the State Capital Mutual Aid Association, of Harrisburg, the Southern Pennsylvania Security, of Hanover, York county, and the Steelton Mutual Relief Association, of Steelton, with a sharp stick. He will bring them into the Dauphin county court on a *quo waranto* to annul their charters. This seems to be but the beginning of a vigorous campaign against the multitude of death bed insurance companies that now inflict so much loss and crime upon the people of Pennsylvania.

Secratay Blaine will step down and out of Arthur's cabinet early in December, and from that time on will conduct his canvass for "next President". He is well fixed for the work in a pecuniary sense, having "saved" a bout a million dollars during his congressional career of twenty years. He is just completing a fine mansion in Washington at a cost of nearly a $100,000, which will be the headquarters of the Blaine ring of the republican party for the next several years.

President Arthur's Proclamation for Thanksgiving Day.

WASHINGTON, November 7.—The following proclamation was issued from the department of State to-day:

By the President of the United States of America—A proclamation: It has long been the pious custom of our people, with the closing of the year, to look back upon the blessings brought to them in the changing course of the seasons; and to return solemn thanks to the All Giving Source from whom they flow. And although at this period when the falling leaf admonishes us that the time of our sacred duty is at hand, our nation still lies in the shadow of a great bereavement, and the mourning which has filled our hearts still finds its sorrowful expression toward the God before whom we but lately bowed in grief and supplication. Yet the countless benefits which have showered upon us during the past twelve months call for our fervent gratitude, and make it fitting that we should rejoice with thankfulness that the Lord in His infinite mercy has most signally favored our country and our people. Peace without and prosperity within have been vouchsafed to us. No pestilence has visited our shores. The abundant privileges of freedom, which our fathers left us in their wisdom, are still our increasing heritage. And if, in parts of our vast domain, some affliction has visited our brethren in their forest homes, yet even this calamity has been tempered and in a manner sanctified by the generous compassion for the sufferers which has been called forth throughout our land. For all these things it is meet that the voice of the nation should go up to God in devout homage. Wherefore I, Chester A. Arthur, president of the United States, do recommend that all the people observe Thursday, the 24th day of November, inst., as a day of national thanksgiving and prayer, by ceasing, so far as may be, from their secular labors and meeting in their several places of worship, there to join in ascribing honor and praise to Almighty God, whose goodness has been so manifold in our history and in our lives, and offering earnest prayers that His bounties may continue to us and to our children.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this fourth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and sixth. (Signed.)

CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

By the president:
JAMES G. BLAINE,
Secretary of State.

—Guiteau's trial commenced on Monday at Washington. Hon. Walter. S. Cox is the presiding Judge.

L. C. & S. C. RAIL ROAD.

TRAINS LEAVE WESTWARD.

	1 A. M.	3 A. M.	5 P. M.	7 P. M.
Montandon	7.00	9.45	2.20	6.45
Lewisburg	ar 7.15	10.00	2.35	7.00
Lewisburg	lv 7.25			
Fair Ground	7.30	10.06	2.40	
Biehl	7.41	10.21	2.51	
Vicksburg	7.47	10.30	2.57	
Mifflinburg	8.03	10.51	3.13	
Millmont	8.25	11.20	3.35	
Laurelton	8.35	ar 11.35	3.46	
Wicker Run	9.00		4.11	
Cherry Run	9.17		4.30	
Fowler	9.37		4.50	
Coburn	9.48		5.02	
Spring Mills	10.15		ar 5.30	

TRAINS LEAVE EASTWARD.

	2 A. M.	4 A. M.	6 P. M.	8 P. M.
Montandon	ar 6.50	ar 3.30	ar 1.20	ar 6.30
Lewisburg	6.35	9.15	1.05	6.15
Fair Ground		9.10	1.00	6.10
Biehl		9.01	12.48	6.00
Vicksburg		8.56	12.42	5.55
Mifflinburg		8.43	12.25	5.40
Millmont		8.25	12.02	5.20
Laurelton		8.15	11 50	5.10
Wiker Run		7.48		4.47
Cherry Run		7.31		4.30
Fowler		7.10		4.10
Coburn		6.58		4.00
Spring Mills		6.30		3.50

Trains Nos. 1 and 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail west for Williamsport, Lock Haven, Kane, Corry and Erie, and Buffalo and Niagara Falls via Emporium, also Elmira, Watkins, Buffalo and Niagara Falls via Canandaigua.

Nos. 3 and 4 connect with Pacific Express east for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Nos. 5 and 6 connect with Day Express east for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York, and Niagara Express west for Williamsport, Lock Haven and Renovo, Tyrone, Altoona and Pittsburg via Lock Haven, also Elmira, Watkins and Buffalo, and Niagara Falls via Canandaigua.

Nos. 7 and 8 connect with Fast Line west for Williamsport and Lock Haven.

No. 8 also connects with Erie Mail east for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Div.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, June 12th, 1881, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL	leaves Philadelphia	11 55 p. m.
"	" Harrisburg	4 25 a. m
"	" Sunbury	6 30 a m
"	" Williamsport	8 40 a. m
"	" Lock Haven	9 40 a. m
"	" Renovo	11 05 a .m
"	" Kane	3 50 p. m
"	arr. at Erie	7 45 p. m
NIAGARA EXP.	leaves Philadelphia	8 00 a. m
"	" Harrisburg	12 15 p. m
"	" sunbury	1 50p.m
"	" Williamsport	3 15 p. m
"	" Lock Haven	4 20 p. m
"	" Renovo	5.30 p. m
"	arr. at Kane	10.05 a. m
FAST LINE	leaves Philadelphia	12 10 p. m.
"	" Harrisburg	4 00 p. m.
"	" sutbury	9 10 p.m.
"	" Williamsport	8 05 p. m.
"	arr. at Lock Haven	9 10 p. m.

EASTWARD.

Lock Haven EX.	leaves Lock Haven	7 50 a. m
"	" Williamsport	9 05 a. m.
"	" Sunbury	10 50 a m
"	arr. at Harrisburg	12 5 5 p. m
"	" Philadelphia	5 15 p. m
FAST LINE	leaves Canandaigua	7 05 d. m
"	" Watkin	8 40 p. m
"	" Elmira	9 30 p. m
"	" Willmasport	12 15 a. m
"	" Sunbury	1 32 a. m
"	arr. at Harrisburg	3 15 a. m
"	" Philadelphia	7 00 a. m
DAY EXPRESS	leaves Kane	6 00 a. m
"	" Renovo	10 05 a.m
"	" Lock Haven	11 15 a. m
"	" Williamsport	12 15 p. m
"	arr. at Harrisburg	3 30 p. m
"	" Philadelphia	7 05 p. m
ERIE MAIL	leaves Erie	11 35 p. m
"	" Kane	4 10 a. m.
"	" Renovo	9 00 a. m.
"	" Lock Haven	10 10 p. m.
"	" Williamsport	11 30 p. m.
"	" Sunbury	1 05 a. m
"	arr. at Harrisburg	3 00 a. m
"	" Philadelphia	7 00 a. m

Erie Mail and Fast Line and Pacific Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Express West and Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, General Sup't.

Official Election Returns of Centre County, for 1881.

BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS.	Noble	Bailey	Wolfe	Jackson	Runkle	Larimer	Kimport	Beck	Dlvins	Dunkle	Gregg	Way	Keller	Gephart	Motz	Harper	Fleming	Hoover	McClain	Williams	Furey	Bible	Gray	Green	Griest	Wolle	Rankin	Campbell	Thompson	Struble	Proudfoot	Musser	Hewes	Cook	Dawson	Lucas
Bellefonte, W. W.	127	214	1	8	155	112	156	122	156	156	156	156	156	148	156	174	156	156	113	135	156	156	156	156	156	156	156	74	156	156	156	156	156	156	156	156
" S. W.	19	58	1	2	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
" N. W.	47	61	1	2	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Millheim boro'	34	48	14	6	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Unionville boro'	157	24	15	6	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Howard boro'	35	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Howard twp.	156	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Bellefonte twp.	157	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Benner twp.	156	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Boggs twp.	157	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Curtin twp.	123	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
College twp.	49	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Ferguson twp.	159	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Ferguson twp. Old	79	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Gregg twp. New	57	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Gregg twp. South	54	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Gregg twp. North	173	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Half Moon twp.	138	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Harris twp.	169	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Howard twp.	73	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Huston twp.	58	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Liberty twp.	59	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Marion twp.	38	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Miles twp.	74	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Patton twp.	203	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Penn twp.	49	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Potter twp. North	126	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Potter twp. South	114	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Rush twp.	187	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Snow Shoe twp.	115	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Taylor	20	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Union twp.	55	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Walker twp.	55	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Worth twp.	69	62	3	1	46	29	46	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Total	3591	2674	187	151	3307	2113	2172	1849	1881	2631	2570	2569	2558	2479	2561	2887	2674	2672	2587	2674	2705	3040	2738	2674	3550	3148	2674	2674	2674	2674	3583	3267	2852	2810	2674	2674
Majority	1147	69	1	8	69	29	69	32	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69

State Treasurer	Noble	1147
	Bailey	69
	Wolfe	1
	Jackson	8
Associate Judge	Runkle	69
	Larimer	29
	Kimport	69
	Beck	32
	Divins	69
Sheriff	Dunkle	69
	Gregg	69
	Way	69
Treasurer	Keller	69
	Gephart	69
	Motz	69
Prothonotary	Harper	69
	Fleming	69
	Hoover	69
Register	McClain	69
	Williams	69
	Furey	69
Recorder	Bible	69
	Gray	69
	Green	69
Commissioner	Griest	69
	Wolle	69
	Rankin	69
	Campbell	69
	Thompson	69
	Struble	69
Auditor	Proudfoot	69
	Musser	69
	Hewes	69
	Cook	69
	Dawson	69
	Lucas	69

THE

BEE HIVE STORE!

AGAIN

TO THE FRONT!

FIRST ANNOUNCEMENT

For the fall of 1881

Which consists of the Largest and Finest Lot of Dry Goods ever brought to this city. Our Domestic Department has never been better stocked than now; in Calicoes we have them from the lowest to the best goods.

A Good Fast Color Calico Standard print, 4½ and 6¼c

In Bleached and Brown Muslin we lead in Prices. We will guarantee to sell you the best Muslins for less money than any other House in the city. In Ginghams, Cotton Flannels, Shirtings, Tickings, &c., we will call particular attention too, as we bought these goods in case lots, and we will be able to sell them 10 per cent. lower than any other house. All we ask is an examination of our stock and we will convince you we mean what we say.

COATING DEPARTMENT!

This has never been so well stocked as now. We have the handsomest line of Light Coatings ever exhibited, with Plush Trimmings to match in all colors. We have in connection to this a fine line of Clothes for Ladies' Ulsters in medium weight goods, and a fine line of Fine Fancy Suitings for Men and Boys Wear.

COAT DEPARTMENT!

We would call particular attention to this. We have taken great care in selecting these goods and we have now in stock 75 styles to select from. From the lowest grade to the Finest Seal Skin. We have arranged with a Coat Manufacturer in Philadelphia, when we have none in stock to fit, to have your measure taken here and have them made—guaranteed to fit, and you can have any style you want.

DRESS GOODS

DEPARTMENT.

In this Department we are prepared to show you from the Lowest to the Best Grades in Fine Dress Goods. The Bee Hive has always had the reputation, of keeping the Finest Line and our intention is to keep up the reputation, consequently we have selected the Finest and Best Goods we could find in New York City, with all the Fine Fancy Trimmings to match, with an endless variety of Fancy Balls, Tassels, Girdles, and Fancy Buttons too are with them.

We would call your special attention to a Plain Colored Dress Silk at 95 cents, worth $1.25. We have also purchased a nice line of the Celebrated J. C. Bonnet & Bellon Black Silks, the best in the world. Warranted not to cut.

Notions AND Hosiery Department

In Notions and Hosiery, we are prepared to show you anything you ask for, cheaper than any other place in the city.

Wonderful Bargains!

In our Carpet Room we have some Wonderful Bargains consisting of White and Brown Blankets, White and Colored Marseilles Quilts, Shawls, Single and Double, including a fine line of Black Thibets, Oil Cloths, Floor and Table; Mattings, Window Shading, Window Fixtures and an endless variety of goods that we have no space to enumerate.

Last but not least we wish to say something about our large line of Ladies', Men's and Children's

UNDERWEAR

We bought these goods by the case and will guarantee to sell you them at 20 per cent. cheaper than any other House. Particular attention is called to Ladies' White Vests at 50 cents.

Now we have given you an outline of what we have, but space will not allow us to go any further enumerating the large line of Goods we carry, but we will say again all we ask is an examination of our Goods and we will convince you that this is without a doubt the place to buy your Dry Goods. We will use you well and guarantee our prices to be the lowest.

☞Country Merchants supplied at City Wholesale Prices.

Thanking our patrons for past favors, we solicit the continuance of the same.

J. F. Everett & Co.

Successors to J. J. Everett.

Scott's Bazar, Main St., Lock Haven, Pa.

Installment No. 2

OF

SEASONABLE GOODS.

We have just returned from our Second Trip to Eastern Cities this Season and have now in Stock a Complete Line of

Hats and Bonnets,

INCLUDING ALL THE

New Shades in Silks, Velvets, Plushes and Ribbon.

ALSO.

JUST RECEIVED,

Ladies' Coat s& Dolmans,

ALL MADE UP IN THE

BEST & LATEST STYLE.

OUR STOCK OF

NOTIONS, FANCY GOODS AND DRESS TRIMMINGS

Will always be full and complete in every department.

PRICES always THE LOWEST

B. HARRIS,

230 MARKET ST., LEWISBURG, PA.

IT WILL PAY YOU

—TO VISIT—

J. R. Smith & Co's

MAMMOTH SUPPLY DEPOT,

NOS. 113 & 114 FRONT STREET,

MILTON, PA.

We are now offering the largest stock and greatest variety of

Furniture, House Furnishing Goods, &c.,

in the State, at **PRICES BEYOND COMPETITION**, consisting in part of Rich and Furniture

All the latest Designs

in Walnut, Oak, Cherry, Mahogany and Ebony. We make a

Specialty in Parlor Suits,

and will sell them lower than any Party in the state. Prices ranging **FROM $30 TO $300.** If you contemplate buying a

PIANO, ORGAN OR SEWING MACHINE,

it will pay you to write us for prices. We also carry a large line of extra Super, Body and Tapesty Brussels Carpets.

A Good Brussels Carpet at 70 cts. per yard.

Our stock of Plain, Cut and Engraved Table Glass-ware, Plain and Decorated French China, Silver Plated-ware, Lamps and Chandeliers, &c.

is well worth your inspection. Our sales exceed those of any House in our line in the state.

LOW PRICES DO IT.

We extend an invitation to you to visit us and will take pleasure in showing you through our various Departments.

GRAND OPENING

OF

FALL & WINTFR MILLINERY GOODS

AT

Anna M. Weaver's

Just returned from New York and have now in Stock a Complete Line of

Felt, Plush and Beaver Hats and Bonnets.

Also just received and always on hand, the latest Styles of

Laces, Cords and Tassels, Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats

PRICES THE LOWEST

ANNA M. WEAVER,

Penn Street, opposite Hartman's Foundry, MILLHEIM, PENNA.

GO TO

SIMON BROTHERS,

THE BOSS CLOTHIERS

for your Clothing.

145 MAIN STREET,

LOCK HAVEN.

A. SIMON & SONS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS,

keep the largest stock in the city.

143 MAIN STREET,

LOCK HAVEN.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, NOV. 17., '81.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,
Editors and Proprietors.

Local Department.

—Marble door steps of the best Sutherland Falls marble, made at the Millheim Marble Works at a moderate price. tf

—You can get a good Overcoat at Spiglemeyer's for $ 3.25 and better ones for a little *more* money.

—The largest assortment of Dress goods in Millheim is to be found at Spiglemeyer's. No troble to show them.

—WANTED 150 to 200 pounds of good nice dried apples or "*snits*" for which a good price will be paid cash at the Journal store.

—A new stock of Day Books, Ledgers, Time Books, Memorandas, Receipt and other blank books just received at the Journal store.

—A splendid, strong 2 horse spring wagon for sale. None better in the valley. Price moderate. Inquire at the Journal office. tf

—J. A. LIMBERT, the new mail contractor, has procured a fine new wagon and is prepared to carry express packages and other goods from Coburn to Woodward and all intermediate points at reasonable charges. tf

—Do any of our readers know the whereabouts of that friendly, genial old chap called Indian Summer? His presence here is very much desired and he would be welcome to stay at least several weeks.

—Dont forget that the Journal Book Store has a splendid lot of Germantown Wool, Zephyr, Silk Floss, Rick Rack Braid, Canvass, Crochet Hooks, Knitting Cotton, and everything necessary for fancy work always on hand.

—Rev. L. C. Edmonds, of Adamsburg, Snyder county, will deliver a free lecture in the Reformed church, Aaronsburg, on Saturday evening, Novbr. 26th, instant. Subject: *The Great West*. The public is respectfully invited to attend. 2t.

WANTED.—About 3500 first class 1½ inch yellow pine flooring in the rough Need not be fully dry. Inquire at the *Journal* office. tf.

—DOLL & MINGLE the enterprising Boot & Shoe dealers in Bellefonte keep a full stock of everything in their line. Any possible style or kind of boots, shoes, slippers and overshoes are there, and their prices are as low as the lowest. Give them a call and you will find that you can suit yourself both as regards quality and price. "Cap," the obliging junior of the firm, will treat and serve you in best style. 6t

—JOHN LUSE is without doubt the handiest chap to have about you when there is work to do, we know of. John can erect a building, fresco a church, build a monument, run a paper and repair or "fix" almost anything you give him. Millheim would have hard scratching to get along without John.

—ANDREW'S GLOBE STORE in Lock Haven keeps about everything in the dry goods, fancy goods or notion line you can think of, besides, a great many things you don't think of. You can not go wrong for anything your lady folks want, of the thousand and one articles that constitute the make-up of their dresses. Andrews is an active, enterprising business man, knows exactly what he is about, sells as cheaply as the cheapest and is a wholesale clever chap besides. Read what he says in his advertisement and then go and try him.

—Lewin's Philadelphia Branch Clothing House, in Bellefonte is the most popular as well as the most successful establishment of the kind in Centre county. Lewin understands the clothing business in all its details, and his many customers know that they get full value for their money. The large store is just now filled with stacks and piles of Overcoats, suits, hats, and gent's furnishing goods generely. Every taste and every person can be suited. Nor need you go anywhere else with the idea of buying cheaper. Lewin sells at rock bottom prices. He simply "beats 'em all."

—For the last three or four years Millheim has improved considerably in good new buildings and the rebuilding of old ones, among which the fine dwelling houses of James P. Smith, Jonathan Harter and F. P. Musser, deserve creditable mention. Snook's new mansion and the Lutheran church, both fine brick structures are now under way. The church if completed according to the plans will be a model a credit to the congregation and an ornament to the town. We understand too that some of the other congregations expect to repair their churches next summer, in which they should receive all possible encouragement. But there is still lots of room for other buildings. What Millheim most wants to enhance it as a live and growing town, is about a dozen thrifty mechanical establishments. Choice building lots can be bought at very moderate prices, building material is abundant and rates lower than at most towns of our size and advantages, and living is as cheap here as most anywhere. Come along, then, about a dozen of you at once—good, sober, industrions men, to build homes and open business. The Journal will bid you welcome.

For the Journal.

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY.—On Thursday night, Nov. 10th, an attempt was made to rob the store of Judge Frank & Son, Rebersburg, the particulars of which are as follows: Official business demanding the presence of the Judge in Bellefonte, the scoundrels thought an opportune moment presented itself to make a pillaging tour to the store. At about one o'clock in the night, Luther B. Frank, the junior of the firm, was awakened by a slight noise at the door leading to the ware house and store, on the north side, and hastily made ready to see what was up. Grasping a horse pistol which was kept convenient, he quietly came down stairs, went into the kitchen a few steps from the door where the noise was heard, cocked his pistol quietly, opened the door which led to the scene of operations and hastily ushered himself into the presence of what proved to be two men trying to effect an entrance into the store. One of the men immediately fired at Luther, the shot taking effect, while the other tried to escape. Luther, knowing that he was shot retreated, the robbers making good their escape. Dr. Hillibish was at once summoned and in a short time extracted a 32 calibre ball from the lower, inner side of the right knee.

Luther expects to recover speedily, as the ball is not supposed to have touched either bone or tendon.

It is rumored that he knows who the dastardly villians are, and if so public opinion demands a speedy prosecution. Rather than allow freedom to such demons let them be hunted down like wild beasts.

Rebersburg. Nov, 15. 1881. JUSTICE.

SPRING MILLS ITEMS

Smith & Co, of Lewisburg, rented Runk's grist mill, and W. A. Kerlin and Wm. From are to run it. No better millers in the county.

R. H. Duncan & Son's new store building is near ly completed. It will have one of the finest store rooms in the valley. Success to the gentlemen.

The Spring Mills Academy is in a flourishing condition, Mr. Lewis Reiter A. B. the able principal, is a graduate of Franklin and Marshall College.

Geo. P. Ream bought G. B. Crawford's new house for $500. Cheap enough.

Last Saturday morning as the engine sent a car on Grenoble's siding he collided with the repair men's hand car. Amos Koch turned a summersault down the embankment but was not much hurt. T. Kennelly was hurt badly and is confined to bed. Hope he may soon recover.

UNCLE TOM.

News Miscellany.

There are 590,925 scholars in the Sunday schools of this state.

The treasurer of Beaver county last week in opening the door of his safe in the court house was seized by two men. While one held him the other helped himself to the cash and bills amounting to $13,000.

A Man Who Disinherited Moustaches.

READING, November 2.—Gerhart Bechtel, of Washington township, Berks county, died some time ago. His will was filed in the Register's office on Monday. It contained this remarkable provision: "That I further disinherit and prohibit from participation in the distribution of my estate such of my male descendants as persist in wearing moustaches." Probably all the interested male descendants will be hairless on the upper lip hereafter.

LYCOMING INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Receiver's Report Shows a Large Deficit.

The report of J. A. Beeber Esq., Receiver of the Lycoming Fire Insurance Company of Muncy, was filed in the court of Common Pleas, Lycoming county, Nov. 4th. It showed the gross liabilities of the company to be $362,072.81, the assets $185,570.76. The premium notes amount to $875,019,78; cash in hands of Treasurer at time of appointment of Receiver, $12,382.69; cash since received by Receiver, $1,942, 22. The deficit is $176,472.05, making an assessment of from 21 to 22 per cent necessary. The Court directed the Receiver to file a bond of $50,000 to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; also, to report to the Court as soon as sufficient funds should be realized to pay 10 per centum of the liabilities, and to print his report as Receiver, already filed, together with the order of the Court and the fact of the filing and approval of the bond, for the information of all concerned.

The report shows conclusively that he officers of the old and rotten swindling concern are fully ripe for the penitentiary.

A NERVOUS looking man went into a store the other day and sat down for half an hour or so, when a clerk asked if there was anything she could do for him. He said no, he didn't want anything. She went away and he sat there half an hour longer. When the proprietor went to him and asked if he wanted to be shown anything. "No," said the nervous man, I just want to sit around. My physician has recommended perfect quiet for me, and says above all things I must avoid being in crowds. Noticing that you did not advertise in the newspapers, I thought that this would be as quiet a place as I could find, so I just dropped in for a few hours of "isolation." The merchant picked up a bolt of paper cambric to brain him, but the man went out. He said all he wanted was a quiet life.—*Ex.*

Proposed Admission of a New State.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Republican Senators and members are preparing a bill for the admission of Dakota into the Union as a State. They feel sure of two more Republican Senators if the Territory is admitted as a State, and with them hope to secure a permanent majority in the Senate. They expect opposition from the Democrats, but depend on Mahone and David Davis to carry it through.

Men's imprudence very often gets them into trouble, and some time very serious trouble. We lately read an account of a man in Illinois who went to Missouri to work. He got fair wages and saved some money. He then started for home. When he came to a certain station in Illinois he had to lay over to make the connection. In the mean time he went into a saloon and purchased something to eat and displayed his money. That very act cost him his life as a "rough" who saw him display his money when he paid his bill spotted him and killed him before the arrival of the next train.—*Ex.*

Pennsylvania needs such a Law Badly.

Under the new law, any person holding office under the constitution and laws of the state of Indiana, who shall become intoxicated during the business hours of his office, shall be fined not more than $100 nor less than $'0, to which may be added imprisonment in the county jail not more than ten days, for the first offence. For the second offence he may be deprived of his office by the Circuit Court. This law includes all the county and township officers—such as clerk, sheriff, justice, constable.

Messrs. Linn, Dill and Smith, Attorneys for Israel Erb and Jonathan Moyer, publish a notice in the Middleburg *Post* that they will apply to the board of pardons at its next session, on Tuesday, Nov. 15th, for the pardon of Mr. Erb, and Mr. Moyer, convicted of the murder of Gretchen Kintzler. —*Selinsgrove Times.*

Womelsdorf Orphans Home Burned.

READING, Nov 11.—The Bethany Orphans' Home, a charitable institution of the German Reformed church, located at Womelsdorf, this county, was entirely destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning. The fire was discovered between 12 and 1 o'clock. The loss is heavy. All the orphans were saved.

FRIGHTFUL FIGURES.

Report of the Pension Bureau.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—The annual report of the Pension Bureau for the last fiscal year shows that on the 30th of June, 1881, there were 238,830 pensions; 28,740 pensioners were added to the roll during the year, and the names of 10,712 were dropped, leaving a net increase of 18,028. The commissiner of Pensions asks a regular appropriotion of $100,000, and a deficency appropriation of $20,000,000 besides. These figures as simply enormous.

The contest for the speakership of the next house will now begin in dead earnest. In the east the only prominent candidate is Mr. Hiscock of New York, Judge Kelley having fixed his eye on the chairmanship of the committee of ways and means. But Judge Kelley's extreme protective tariff doctrines and his heresies on the currency will make him very objectionable to many of the republicans for that position. The western candidates for speaker are Kasson of Iowa, Kiefer of Ohio, and Orth of Indiana. Some objection is made to Mr. Kasson in the east on account of former free trade utterance, but that will not affect him much in the west whence comes the preponderance of the republican strength in the house. As for Keifer it is generally conceded that Ohio has had quite enough for the present, and Orth wont do. By the time that congress meets it is likely that the struggle for speaker will narrow down between Hiscock and Kasson with the chance in favor of the latter. —*Patriot.*

For the Journal.

DIED.

At the residence of Howard Condo, in Miles township, Nov. 6th inst, Mr. Samuel Condo, aged 90 years, 5 months and 29 days.

The subject of this sketch was born in Berks county, Pa., May 10th, 1791, during the administration of President Washington. Before reaching majority he came to Centre county, learned blacksmithing and followed it for sixty consecutive years, applying himself most vigorously to his craft. He was a skilled workman and his fame as a smith spread far and wide. Not only did Brush Valley share the fruits of his labor, but all parts of the county, as well as portions of Clinton county, took advantage of the benefits which patrons derived from the work of the "*famous old smith*" as he was styled. To give the readers an idea of the large amount of work he did, I will state that he ironed 284 large, broadwheeled wagons, during the sixty years he followed his trade. This would make a train of about a mile and a third long.

He was the father of twelve children—eight of whom survive him to mourn their loss.

He was a quiet, unassuming man, never indulged in the idle gossip of the community and was therefore never a participant in local quarrels.

He undoubtedly observed plain hygienic laws, for he never was sick a day prior to his final illness. Never used spectacles, and even as late as last summer did a little mowing with the scythe. He walked to Rebersburg and back with apparent ease, a distance of two miles, only a short time ago, But finally disease took hold of the strong robust frame, and after intense suffering for ten days he fell a victim to erysiplas. He was a member of the Lutheran church for many years. May he rest in peace. Rebersburg Nov. 14., 1881, G.

On the 7th inst., in Gregg township, Mrs Kat Dunkle wife of John Dunkle, in the 39th year of her age.

On the 5th inst. in Gregg township, Mrs Emma Tyson, wife of James Tyson, in the 35th year of her age.

On the 12th inst., in Gregg township, Mrs. Elizabeth Armbruster, wife of George Armbruster,

HOW to INCASE YOUR INCOME.

Just at this season of the year there are, among our readers, those looking for employment for the next six months. We have lately received from L. E. Brown & Co., the well-kown manufacturers of specialities for agents to handle a request to put them in communication with one or more suitable persons in this locality, to act as agents in introducing several of their patent household articles to this community, and after consideration, we take this method to comply with their request. The firm are manufacturers of a large number of household articles, which they introduce to the public by means of agents, having sometimes as many as 1,000 persons in their employ. The particular articles which they seek to introduce here, at this time, are: Brown's Peerless Sifter, generally acknowledged to be the best in the world of which nearly one million were sold during the last year; the Kitchen Queen, the latest and best invention in Coil Oil Lamps; and the only absolutely Safe Lamp made; the Centennial Cake and Bake Pan, and article which has a national reputation, and is the delight of every housekeeper; the Half Minute Egg Beater, which always sells at sight, and the new A-to Relieve Bronze Profile Cast of JAMES A. GARFIELD, with memorial frame, the best selling article ever put into the hands of an agent, the best of all the portraits, chromos or steel engravings that have been offered. It is a truer likeness of the martyred hero than any we have ever seen before, and its price brings it within the reach of all. For this county, Messrs. Brown & Co. desire as many agents as can advantageously. Any smart, intelligent lady or gentlemen can make a fine income in this way. The firm will send to any responsible person **free** who will assume the agency here and go to work, a complete outfit of these goods, to the amount of five dollars. The reputation of this house is first rate; the goods are what they represent them to be. Their terms are liberal, and we advise those looking for genteel, remunerative employment to send to them for further information. Their address is—

L. E. BROWN & CO.,
64 Walnut St., CINCINNATI, O

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday by Gephart & Musser.

Wheat No.	1.25
Corn	75
Rye	80
Oats White	45
Buckwheat	
Flour	7.00
Bran & Sheets, per ton	25 00
Salt, per Brl	2.00
Plaster, ground	10.00
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	
Timothyseed	
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	
Butter	28
Hams	12
Sides	10
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	24
Potatoes	1.00
Lard	10
Tallow	
Soap	6
Dried Apples	5
Dried Peaches	
Dried Cherries	

COAL MARKET AT COBURN.

Egg Coal	$5.00
Stove "	5.20
Chestnut "	4.80
Pea "	3.50
Pea by the car load	3.20

Fifty cents per ton additional when delivered in Millheim.

P. GEPHART D. A. MUSSE

GEPHART & MUSSER

DEALERS IN

Clover
Flour, &
Feed,
Coal,
Plaster
& Salt

MILLHEIM PA.,

Highest market price paid for all kinds of

GRAIN

Delivered either at the BRICK MILL or at the old MUSSER MILL, in MILLHEIM.

COAL, PLASTER & SALT

Always on hand and sold at prices that defy competition.

A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited. 39-1y

CENTRE HALL
Furniture Store.

WM. R. CAMP,
PROPRIETOR.

Walnut & Fncy Chamber Suits, Lounges, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Sinks, WASHSTANDS, Parlor Tables, Breakfast Tables, Extension Tables, Wood and Cane Seat Chairs, Mattresses, Spring Beds, and everything else in the Furniture line at the lowest prices. I hope to merit the patronage of the public by good work and moderate prices. Please call and see my stock before you go out of your own valley for your furniture. You can do fully as well at home as you can anywhere else.

TRY ME!

D. H. HASTINGS,

Attorney-at-Law.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Office on Allegheny steeet, two doors west of office formerly occupied by the firm of Yocum & Hastings.

S. H. YOCUM,

Attorney-at-Law,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EXCELSIOR

STEAM DYE WORKS

LEWISBURG, PA.

W. Davis,

Proprietor.

My Factory has all the machinery and facilities of a first class establishment of its kind. My experience in the business extends over many years, both in this country and in Europe, and am therefore enabled to do strictly first class work at moderate prices.

THE JOURNAL STORE,
Millheim, Pa.,

has accepted an agency from me. All goods brought there for dying will be returned free of extra charge.

The Model Grocery.

S. P. KERSTETTER,
Proprietor.

MARKET STREET LEWISBURG, PA.

Dealer in first class Groceries of all kinds, Flour and Feed, Wood and Wlow Ware.

Queensware a Speciality.

sell a *White Granite Tea Sett*, 46 *pieces, for* $30. All other Queensware in proportion.

Just received the finest lot of China Ware ever brought to this place.

If you come to Lewisburg dont fail to give me a call and get the best bargains you ever had.

READERS!

When in want of a pair of Boots, Shoes or Rubbers send to K mp's Lock Haven and you can get them as low as in Philadelphia or New York. If they don't suit you, you can return them and get your money back. First class goods at low prices is my motto.

JACOB KAMP.

To Country dealers, I will sell at wholesale prices, freight added.

POTTERY

Millheim, Centre Co., Penna.

ULRICH & CO.,

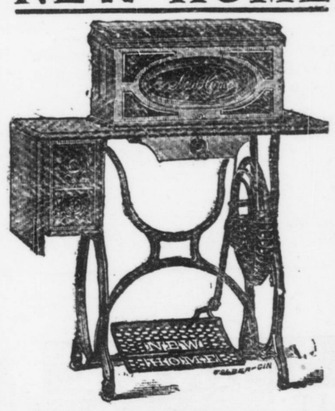
PROPRIETORS,

would most respectfully inform the public that they are now prepared to manufacture everything in their line of first class quality. They have found a superior kind of clay and will constantly keep on hand a full line of

CROCKERY, BREAD & PIE DISHES, PLAIN & FANCY FLOWER POTS, STOVE COLLARS, &c.

Hoping to merit the confidence of the public by furnishing the best grade of ware they would respectfully solicit a share of its patronage. 1y

THE ONLY PERFECT
SEWING MACHINE.
THE LIGHT-RUNNING
NEW HOME



Rapidly superceding all others wherever introduced.
Pronounced by an army of happy purchasers to be the BEST.
The NEW HOME is positively
The Simplest, Easiest Running,
Most Reliable, and
Most Durable Sewing Machine ever invented.
It operates Quickly, Quietly, and without fatigue to the operator.
Full information, Descriptive Catalogues, &c., free on application.
JOHNSON, CLARK & CO.
30 Union Square, N. Y.
And Orange, Mass.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

MILLIONAIRES

may not be intererested, for they do not comprise a very large proportion of these valleys, but we believe everybody else will, as there are certain streaks of human nature that run through all classes, conditions and ages alike.

TO THE ORDINARY MORTAL

therefore, we would like to call attention to the place where you can get the best value for your money in the Men's wearing apparel custom and this climate make it necessary to have. There is no place within 100 miles from here where you can be better suited in qualities, style and prices than at

WHITCOMB'S

Mammoth Clothing Store,

MAIN STREET, LOCK HAVEN, PENNA.

where everything is kept the male portion of the country need to wear Clothing equal to the best custom-made work, and perfect fit guaranteed Inspection invited, for after the first trial our customers return bringing with them their friends.

BOYS' CLOTHING A SPECIALTY WITH US.

Perhaps your boy looks awkward. It may not be his fault. His clothes may not give him a fair chance, and very likely too they cost as much as ours, which do fit and make him genteel looking.

We have Clothing for the Rich.
We have Clothing for the Poor.
We have Clothing for the Large.
We have Clothing for the Small.

OUR CLOTHING IS

The best sewed; The best cut; Fits!

OUR HATS ARE

Correct in style, right in price, best manufactures.

Our Boots, Shoes & Rubbers

are most Serviceable in Quality, Lowest in Price,

SOLD THE CHEAPEST.

OVERCOATS, OVERCOATS,
OVERCOATS, OVERCOATS,

of all sizes, lengths, qualities; the most complete stock and best manufactured.

Of over 500 Overcoats we have only 28 from last year.

PANTS, PANTS, PANTS, PANTS.

We believe that we particularly excel in Pants, both Cheap Goods and Fine Cassimers, for business men's wear. Our line of Underwear, Buck and other style Cloves, Suspenders, Neck Wear, Shirts, Trunks, &c., as in all other goods, more complete than ever before. Owing the rush have added new help. Call and see me. Look with your eyes they are made to see.

H. R. WHITCOMB.

1881 THE 1881

GLOBE STORE

FALL ANNOUNCEMENT.

JUST returned from the eastern cities, and now offer to the public this day a full line of Dry Goods, comprising Dress Goods, Flannel Suitings, Cloth Suitings, black and colored Cashmeres in all the most desirable shades, at wonderful low prices. Brecade Silks in all the new shades. Black Dress Silk, Satins, in all shades. Silk Velvet, Silk Face Velvet, &c., &c.,

OUR DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT

Includes a large line of full standard prints, from 4½ cents up, 2,000 yards at 6¼ cents; best dark fall shades full standard print; DRESS GINGHAMS; a large lot of Muslins, Cotton Flannel Shirting, Tickings, Jeans, Cassimere Cloakings, colored Flannel, red, gray, blue, brown, white and plaid.

CLOAKS!

We have purchased the largest line of these goods we have ever before handled, and best styles; prices range from $2,50 to $30.00. A good, large line of wool Shawls—double and single.

NOTIONS! NOTIONS!

This department we find well filled, including Hosiery of the finest children's to ladies' and gents'; also a full line of Underwear, children's No. 16 to ladies' and gents, No. 44, an elegant line of Unlaundried Shirts, silk fringe, bugle fringe, Spanish lace, white lace, &c.

We will now offer you Foster's Patent Lace Kid Glove at a greatly reduced price, also the Lisle Glove with Foster's patent fastening.

We have a full line of the *CELEBRATED CORALINE CORSET*. Beware of imitations, filled with cotton cord instead of Caroline.

Floor oil cloth, oil shadings, curtin fixtures, &c.

W. C. ANDREWS,

LOCK HAVEN.

AGRICULTURAL.

SCAB IN SHEEP.—Scab in sheep is a disease caused by an insect burrowing under the skin, and is perfectly curable by the following methods: Get a lot of tobacco stems, or, if these are not to be had, get one pound of plug tobacco; steep this in one and a half gallons of water until the strength is well extracted and the quantity is reduced to one gallon: to this add one-fourth ounce of crude carbolic acid. If the sheep have the disease only in patches, remove the weol from the diseased spots and well around, so as to expose the surface beyond any infection; use a stiff soft brush—a large stencil brush is best—and, applying the decoction, brush as well into all sores, being sure to break up all scabs or pustules so as to work plenty of the remedy into all diseased places. Having flour of sulphur in a dredging-box, dust it into and over the sore and brush it in lightly. One treatment, if thoroughly made, will usually cure the worst case, but it is well to look them over again in two weeks. If it is shearing time, and the sheep have been shorn when you wish to treat them, then make a large quantity, but not so strong, and having broken up all scabs and sores on the sheep, take them by the legs and dip them totally into the medicine. After treatment it is best to remove to new pastures or new pens for a time, for this reason: the scab insect is very liable to remain attached to any object against which the sheep have rubbed, and thus be again taken by the sheep.

[Sparta (Wis.) Herald.]

As an exhibition of the intrinsic worth of St. Jacob's Oil, we think the case referred to, that of Mrs. O. W. Hubbard, of this town, cured of Sciatic Rheumatism of long standing by the Oil, is certainly striking, and, beyond all doubt, conclusive as to its efficacy. The remedy has our indorsement.

GARGET.—Cows that are fat at the time of calving are more subject to congestion of the udder than those in a poorer state. Neglecting to give proper attention to the milking is another cause. Inflammation seldom ever attacks the whole of the udder, but it is confined to one or two quarters, and is indicated by swelling, increased heat, pain and redness, and by alteration in the milk, which is curdied, whey-like and sometimes mixed with blood. The general treatment is to give a moderate purge—say Epsom Salts 1 lb.; powdered Jamaica ginger ½ oz.; water 1 pint; mix for one dose. Drinking water should be limited and dry food given, so as not to encourage the milk supply. The milk should be frequently drawn away with the hand or a teat syphon.

The inflamed udder should be well fomented with hops and water for at least one hour night and morning, and after each fomentation some of the following liniment should be freely applied over the bag: Camphorated oil 8 ozs.; fluid ext. Belladonna 4 ozs.; mix.

TO REGULATE THE BEARING OF APPLE TREES.—This is a perennial subject of discussion, but no suggestion in regard to it has ever been made practical except the one which dictates careful attendance and the moderate annual pruning of the trees, with high fertilization of the soil. All the famously productive apple trees on record have stood in a rich soil, moist, but not wet. Careful pruning, manuring and mulching will, as nearly as possible, secure good annual crops from apple trees of any variety worthy of cultivation. Under this system a small orchard of William's Favorite near Boston is the chief support of a family. Thirty-eight trees of Fameuse in a city lot of about half an acre in Montreal, produced, in 1879, fruit that sold for $800, and the crop is rarely much less. These facts point to the remedy for the shy or intermittent bearing when the variety is naturally productive.

[St. Louis Chronicle.]

Trial by Jury.

Some believe that even this form of trial is not perfectly free from prejudice. But in our section, St. Jacob's Oil has been tried by that great jury—the public—and been judged the infallible cure for Rheumatism and all painful diseases.

DUCKS.—Less is known about the diseases of ducks than of fowls. They are, in our experience, best hatched by hens and kept in a dry pen for several weeks. Give plenty of grass, frequently renewed, keep water always before them in shallow vessels, and feed often. A pen of boards a foot high, covered with laths nailed across the top, with one corner or one end covered, to exclude rain, is all that is required. This pen should be frequently shifted upon dry, grassy ground. If one is noticed moping, swelled up, or out of sorts in any way, give soaked bread and milk, red with cayenne pepper. The best are Rouens, Aylesburys, Pekins and Black Cayugas. Points of excellence for common purposes are the size and number of eggs.

THE farmers of the country, if they would act individually or organize themselves into forestry clubs, could, in a very little while, awaken a widespread interest in tree planting. The advantage of such clubs are highly appreciated in the treeless regions of the West and Northwest. Many of them have been organized, and through their efforts millions of trees have been set out, with an already manifest effect upon the water courses and the humidity of the atmosphere.

ONE of the best farmers of Worcester, Mass., saves all liquid manure in a cistern so made that no gases can escape to pollute the atmosphere of the stables. The amount of fertility that is annually wasted in the form of liquid manure is enormous, and a means to prevent this great waste should be generally adopted by farmers.

A FARMER of Milton, Va., cut eight tons of good hay this year from three acres of land that in 1879 was a bog meadow too wet to go upon. The means used were drainage, pulverized surface and seeding. There are numerous other bog meadows which by a similar treatment might be made to yield profitable crops where now they are but a nuisance.

TOADS are recognized by many leading farmers and gardners as important helps which they render in destroying insect pests which prey upon growing crops during the summer months. In Paris there is a weekly sale of toads, which are brought in casks filled with damp moss. One hundred good toads are worth from $15 to $17. They are bought for gardens.

AN English gardener recommends the white clover (*Trifolium repens*) as a hanging basket plant for winter, claiming that it is easy of culture, quickly makes large plants and looks well from Christmas on yards.

MANURE should be forked over occasionally to make it fine. If it is heating, muck or loam should be mixed with it to absorb the ammonia which is formed during the process of decomposition.

At the northern end of the Bay of Plenty, New Zealand, there was lately seen every indication of an active submarine volcano.

VEGETINE

KIDNEY COMPLAINT
DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS.

The symptoms of an acute attack of inflammation of the kidneys are as follows: Fever, pain in the small of the back, and thence shooting downward; numbness of the thigh, vomiting, usually at first a deep red color of the urine, which becomes pale and colorless as the disease increases, and is discharged very often with pain and difficulty; costiveness, and some degree of colic. In chronic diseases of the kidneys the symptoms are pain in the back and limbs, dryness of the skin, frequent urination (especially at night) general dropsy, headache, dizziness of sight, indigestion, and palpitation of the heart, gradual loss of strength, paleness and puffiness of the face, cough and shortness of breath.

In diseases of the kidneys the Vegetine gives immediate relief. It has never failed to cure when it is taken regularly and directions followed. In many cases it may take several bottles, especially cases of long standing. It acts directly upon the secretions, cleansing and strengthening, removing all obstructions and impurities. A great many can testify to cases of long standing having been perfectly cured by the Vegetine, even after trying many of the known remedies which are said to be expressly for this disease.

Kidney Complaint.

CINCINNATI, O., March 19, 1877.

H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—I have used your VEGETINE for some time, and can truthfully say it has been a great benefit to me; and to those suffering from diseases of the kidneys I cheerfully recommend it.

Respectfully, O. H. SMITH.

Attested to by K. B. Ashfield, Druggist, cor. Eighth and Central avenues.

CINCINNATI, O., April 19, 1877.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

I have suffered several years with the Kidney Complaint, and was induced to try VEGETINE. I have taken several bottles of your preparation, and am convinced it is a valuable remedy. It has done me more good than any other medicine. I can heartily recommend it to all suffering from Kidney Complaints.

Yours Respectfully,
J. S. McMILLEN,

First bookkeeper for Newhall, Gale & Co., flour merchants, No. 86 West Front street, Cincinnati, O.

Vegetine has restored thousands to health who had been long and painful sufferers.

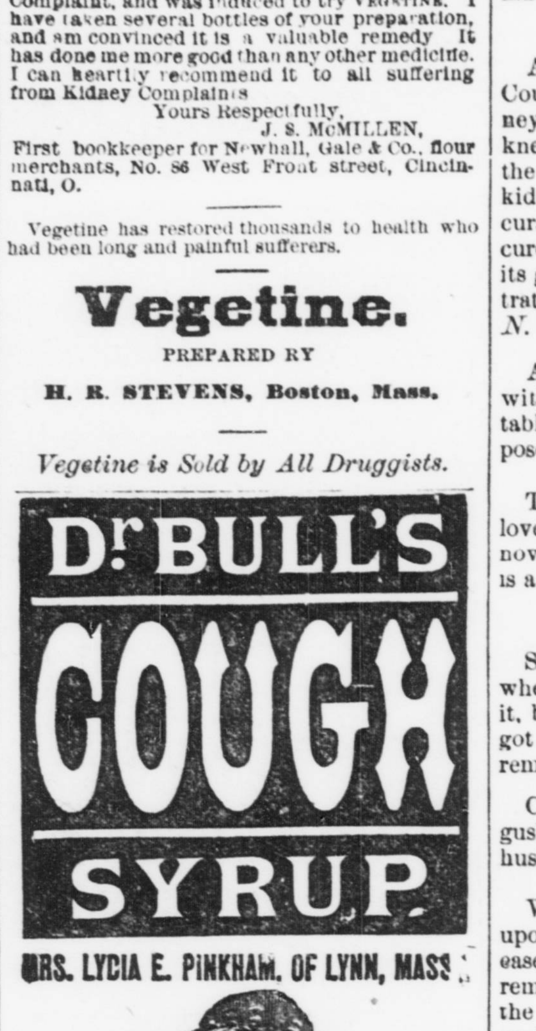
Vegetine.

PREPARED BY
H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

Dr BULL'S COUGH SYRUP.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.



LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price. $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this Paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by all Druggists.

KIDNEY-WORT

THE GREAT CURE FOR RHEUMATISM

As it is for all diseases of the **KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.**

It cleanses the system of the acrid poison that causes the dreadful suffering which only the victims of Rheumatism can realize.

THOUSANDS OF CASES

of the worst forms of this terrible disease have been quickly relieved, in a short time

PERFECTLY CURED.

KIDNEY-WORT

has had wonderful success, and an immense sale in every part of the Country. In hundreds of cases it has cured where all else had failed. It is mild, but efficient, CERTAIN IN ITS ACTION, but harmless in all cases.

☞ It cleanses, Strengthens and gives New Life to all the important organs of the body. The natural action of the Kidneys is restored. The Liver is cleansed of all disease, and the Bowels move freely and healthfully. In this way the worst diseases are eradicated from the system.

As it has been proved by thousands that

KIDNEY-WORT

is the most effectual remedy for cleansing the system of all morbid secretions. It should be used in every household as a

SPRING MEDICINE.

Always cures BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, PILES and all FEMALE Diseases.

Is put up in Dry Vegetable Form, in tin cans, one package of which makes 6 quarts medicine.

Also in Liquid Form, very Concentrated for the convenience of those who cannot readily prepare it. *It acts with equal efficiency in either form.*

GET IT OF YOUR DRUGGIST. PRICE, $1.00

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Prop's, (Will send the dry post-paid.) BURLINGTON, VT.

KIDNEY-WORT

PENSIONS.

For Soldiers, for Fathers, Mothers, Widows, Children, etc. Thousands yet entitled. Pensions for any wound or disease. Bounty yet due to thousands. Pensioners entitled to increase of Pensions. New laws and decisions. Time limited. Apply at once. Enclose two stamps for laws, blanks, and instructions. E. H. GELSTON & CO., U. S. Claim Attorneys, Washington, D. C.

YOUNG MEN If you would learn Telegraphy in four months, and be certain of a situation, address VALENTINE BROS., Janesville, Wisconsin.

SHE knew him: "Do you reside in this city?" asked a masked man of a masked lady at a masked party the other evening. He felt sick when she said to him, in a low voice: "Don't be a fool, John; I knew you by the wart on your thumb." It was his wife.

NOT much of a curiosity: They speak of capturing a wild man in Asia Minor with "nothing but a skin over his head." Possibly they are not accustomed to bald-headed men over there

Not a Beverage.

"They are not a beverage, but a medicine, with curative properties of the highest degree, containing no poor whiskey or poisonous drugs. They do not tear down an already debilitated system, but build it up. One bottle contains more hops, that is, more real hop strength, than a barrel of ordinary beer. Every druggist in Rochester sells them, and the physicians prescribe them."—*Evening Express* on Hop Bitters.

SHE swallowed the caramel: "I declare," said Julia, "you take words right out of my mouth." "No wonder, they are sweet," said Henry. The day was set that evening.

"MR. SMITH," said a lady at a fair, "won't you please buy this bouquet to present to the lady you love!" "Twouldn't be right," said Mr. Smith, "I'm a married man."

Complicated Diseases.

A prominent gentlemen in Cerro Gordo County, Iowa, writes us that he finds Kidney-Wort to be the best remedy he ever knew for a complication of diseases. It is the specific action which it has on the liver, kidneys and bowels, which gives it such curative power, and it is the thousands of cures which it is performing which gives it its great celebrity. Liquid (very concentrated), or dry, both act efficiently.—*N. H. Journal and Courier.*

A GROCER had a pound of sugar returned with a note saying: "Too much sand for table use, and not enough for building purposes!"

Two critics agree: "Oh, I think it lovely," said Medusa, speaking of a late novel. "You are right," said Fogg; "it is a love lie."

His Last Dose.

Said a sufferer from kidney troubles, when asked to try Kidney-Wort: "I'll try it, but it will be my last dose." The man got well, and is now recommending the remedy to all.

CONJUGAL affection: "I love my wife," gushed Fenderson. "Next to your wife's husband," added Fogg.

When derangement of the stomach acts upon the kidneys and liver, bringing disease and pain, Kidney-Wort is the true remedy. It removes the cause and cures the disease. Liquid (very concentrated) or dry act equally efficiently.—*Am. Cultivator.*

A FACETIOUS young man calls a certain female institute a "Vennor weather prediction"—because it contains so many Misses.

VEGETINE.—For eradicating all impurities of the blood from the system, it has no equal. It has never failed to effect a cure, giving tone and strength to the system debilitated by disease.

MARKET item: "That butter is too fresh," as the man remarked when the goat lifted him over the fence.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound has done thousands of women more good than the medicines of many doctors. It is a positive cure for all female complaints. Send to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham.

WHEN a man says he makes his living by keeping a country tavern isn't it a sort of declaration of inn dependence.

A VAGRANT who had been fined regularly every week for begging requested the magistrate to fine him by the year at a reduced rate.

A Cough is nature's effort to rid the system of waste matter. Assist nature, then, by using Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Price 25 cents a bottle.

"THEY quarrel like a church choir," said Mrs. Slobson, as she saw two boot blacks fighting.

WHAT is more nasty than running sores, ulcers, pimples, boils, scrofula, erysipelas, etc.? Now "Lindsey's Blood Searcher" cures them all.

THE objection to horses with white feet, though mostly considered a mere caprice, is reasonable enough, for white hoofs are more brittle than black ones, and are much more liable to break and contract than those of a dark color.

A. M. Doyle, of Columbus, Ga., says: "From my own experience, I know Sellers' Liver Pills to be the best in use." They cure malaria, etc.

A SELF-CLEANING stable or stall for cows can be made by standing them on wooden gratings over a cellar, the bars to be V shaped and the space between them narrow enough so that a cow can stand easily upon them.

SURF bathing this season is a good deal like tumbling about in a snowbank without over-shoes or ulster.

MESSRS. MORGAN & HEADLY, Mutual Life Building, Tenth and Chestnut streets, have on hand a superb stock of extra fine quality Diamonds, which they offer at as low prices as stones of the first quality, perfect alike in color and shape, can be sold for.

Flies and Mosquitoes.

15c. box "Rough on Rats" keeps a house free from flies, bed-bugs, roaches, rats, mice, &c.

$777 A YEAR AND EXPENSES To Agents. Outfit free. Address, P. O VICKERY, Augusta. Me.

OVER 1.000.000. BOTTLES SOLD.

IT COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, WHOOPING COUGH, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS

SELLER'S COUGH SYRUP. 25 Cts A BOTTLE.

CURES, CROUP, INFLUENZA, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION &c. The most PLEASANT AND EFFICACIOUS REMEDY IN USE.

R. E. SELLERS & CO. —PITTSBURGH. PA.—

"LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER." THE GREAT TONIC AND LIFE PRESERVER.

Perhaps the Scientific American is right in narrowing down the controversy whether the employment of steam dredges or sailboats is most expedient in working the natural oyster grounds of Long Island Sound to the simple question whether progressive or non-progressive methods are to prevail. It would be madness for instance, to prevent the construction and operation of a cotton factory because to produce the same quality of goods it could turn out would give employment to a vast number of independant hand loom weavers. Much of the same sort of reasoning underlies the objection to steam dredges. Yet the fact must not be overlooked that the more efficient the appliances for appropriating to the uses of man the natural productions of the land or sea the greater the necessity fos the strict enforcement of laws preventing wanton harrying. Large present gains have too often tempted men to neglect the maintenance of the source of profit for the future, and like the boy in the fable, they have under like purblind notions killed the goose that laid the golden eggs. Our "boundless" forests have almost diasppeared through reckiessness and greed and unless natural oyster beds are carefully protected, they, too, will very soon yield no return whatever.

THE discovery of Carboline, a deodorized extract of petroleum, has perfected an improvement which will be hailed with delight by thousands. The dense oily properties of the petroleum have been eliminated by a novel process while its tonic, curative vivifying and reproductive elements are all retained in increased activity. Besides being the only real cure for baldness and scalp diseases, as now improved and entirely deoderized it is the most delicate and delightful tonic hair dressing ever known. It will not stain a lady's hat. This highly concentrated extract of petroleum contains no minerals or other artificial coloring matter. It restores the hair by imparting new iife and vigor to the roots.

It is claimed by Prof. Raoul Pictet, of Geneva, that a discovery of his applied to the construction of lake, river, or ocean going vessels is likely to cause a revolution in naval architecture. The details are given only in the most general terms. A model, embodying the new principles is in course of construction at Geneva, and when it is tried on the lake it will be seen whether the professor has not been too sanguine. He expects that it will attain a high rate of speed and glide over the water without cutting it, and so diminishing resistance.

Profitable Patients.

The most wonderful and marvellous success, in cases where persons are sick or wasting away from a condition of miserableness, that no one knows what ails them, (profitable patients for doctors,) is obtained by the use of Hop Bitters. They begin to cure from the first dose and keep it up until perfect health and strength is restored. Whoever is afflicted in this way need not suffer, when they can get Hop Bitters. See another column.

In 1870 the total coal production of the world was 193,970,683 tons; in 1880 was 294,468,000, an increase of 100,497,317 tons, or fifty-two percent. Taking the growth of the coal industry as a measure of a nation's general industrial progress, Russia makes a very good showing, the percentage of coal output there having increased 275 per cent., and Spain makes a poor appearance, the percentage of increase being only thirty-six per cent

THE GREAT

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

☞ No other line runs Three Through Passenger Trains Daily between Chicago, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln, St. Joseph, Atchison, Topeka and Kansas City. Direct connections for all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Arizona, Idaho, Oregon and California.

The Shortest, Speediest and Most Comfortable Route via Hannibal to Fort Scott, Denison, Dallas, Houston, Austin, San Antonio, Galveston and all points in Texas.

The unequaled inducements offered by this Line to Travelers and Tourists, are as follows: The celebrated Pullman (16-wheel) Palace Sleeping Cars, run only on this Line, C., B. & Q. Palace Drawing-Room Cars, with Horton's Reclining Chairs. No extra charge for Seats in Reclining Chairs. The famous C., B. & Q. Palace Dining Cars. Gorgeous Smoking Cars fitted with Elegant High-Backed Rattan Revolving Chairs for the exclusive use of first-class passengers.

Steel Track and Superior Equipment, combined with their Great Through Car Arrangement, makes this, above all others, the favorite Route to the South, South-West, and the Far West.

Try it, and you will find traveling a luxury instead of a discomfort.

Through Tickets via this Celebrated Line for sale at all offices in the United States and Canada.

All information about Rates of Fare, Sleeping Car Accommodations, Time Tables, &c., will be cheerfully given, and will send *Free* to any address an elegant *County Map* of United States, in colors, by applying to

J. Q. A. BEAN, Gen's Eastern Agent,

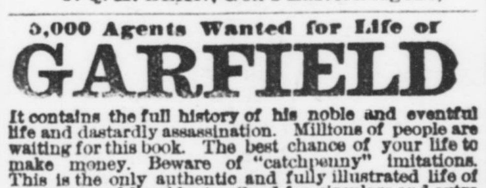
5,000 Agents Wanted for Life of

GARFIELD

It contains the full history of his noble and eventful life and dastardly assassination. Millions of people are waiting for this book. The best chance of your life to make money. Beware of "catchpenny" imitations. This is the only authentic and fully illustrated life of our martyred President. Send for circulars and extra terms to Agents. Address

NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Payne's Automatic Engines.



Reliable, Durable and Economical, *will furnish a horse power with ⅓ less fuel and water than any other Engine built,* not fitted with an Automatic Cut-off. Send for Illustrated Catalogue "J," for Information and Prices. B. W. PAYNE & SONS, Box 860, Corning, N. Y.

RUPERTUS' Celebrated Single Breech Loading Shot Guns at $12 up.

Double Barrel Breech Loaders at $20 up.

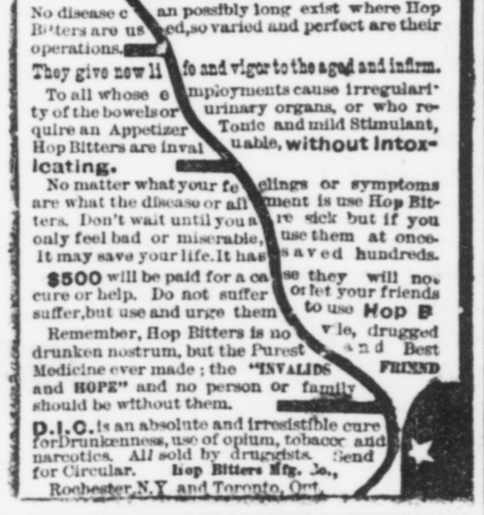
Muzzle and Breech-Loading Guns, Rifles and Pistols *of most approved English and American makes.* All kinds of Sporting Implements and articles required by Sportsmen and Gunmakers. Colt's New Breech-Loading Double Guns at $50 up.

JOS. C. GRUBB & CO., 712 Market St.
Send stamp for Price-List. Philadelphia, Pa

Those answering an Advertisement will confer a favor upon the Advertiser and the Publisher by stating that they saw the advertisement in this journal (naming the paper)

A GRAND STEEPLE CHASE.

As if there were not sufficient excitement at the usual horse-race, these meetings on the turf nearly always close with a grand steeple chase. This kind of race combines all the excitement of the regular race, with the super-added element of danger which seems to give further zest to the sport. Horses, and good ones at that, often receive severe injuries, which render them practically useless for long periods. At least this was the state of affairs until owners and breeders of fine stock began to freely use ST. JACOBS OIL, the Great German Remedy for man and beast. This invaluable article to horsemen has so grown into favor on account of its phenomenal efficacy in diseases of domestic animals, especially the horse, that it would be difficult indeed to discover a horsemen unacquainted with its magical potency. The Philadelphia



Easy Hour, in a recent issue says: "But one of the most important developements concerning ST. JACOBS OIL is the discovery that it has properties which are beneficial to the animal as well as to the human species. It has, of late, been in active demand among livery men and others for use on horses suffering from sprains or abrasions. The most prominent instance known of in this connection, is that related by Mr. David Walton, a well-known Friend, who keeps a livery stable at 1245 North Twelfth street. Mr. Walton states that he was boarding a valuable horse belonging to Benjamin McClurg, also a resident of North Twelfth street. A few weeks ago the animal slipped and badly sprained his leg, making him very lame. Mr. Walton used two bottles of ST. JACOBS OIL on the animal and found within less than one week, that there was no need for any more, for the animal was as well as ever.

The Purest and Best Medicine ever Made.

A combination of **Hops, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion,** with all the best and most curative properties of all other Bitters, makes the greatest **Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator,** and Life and Health Restoring Agent on earth.

No disease can possibly long exist where Hop Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm.

To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable, **without intoxicating.**

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are what the disease or ailment is use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick but if you only feel bad or miserable, use them at once. It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.

$500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help. Do not suffer or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop B

Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made; the "INVALIDS FRIEND and HOPE" and no person or family should be without them.

D.I.C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics. All sold by druggists. Send for Circular. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N.Y. and Toronto, Ont.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

STOMACH
BITTERS

= Diminished Vigor

Is reimbursed in great measure, to those troubled with weak kidneys, by a judicious use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which invigorates and stimulates without exciting the urinary organs. In conjunction with its influence upon them, it corrects acidity, improves appetite, and is in every way conducive to health and nerve repose. Another marked quality is its control over fever and ague, and its power of preventing it. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

THE NORWAY MUSICAL ALBUM.

By FORESTIER & ANDERSON.

A collection of weird, strange, and yet strangely captivating Songs and Melodies from the land of *Ole Bull*; just the music that inspired his imagination. Norse and English words. A musical novelty that will delight lovers of what is wild, rich and romantic in legend and song. Price **$2.50.**

GARFIELD'S FUNERAL MARCH. Fine portrait. 40c.

ROBERT FRANZ' ALBUM OF SONG.

Old and new. Approved by the master himself. A book in which every note is a gem. German and English words. A hundred exquisite songs, $2.00 boards; $2.50 cloth.

HERALD OF PRAISE. For choirs and conventions. $1.

THE IDEAL. (75 cts.) By L. O. EMERSON. Is the best Singing School Book of the distinguished author. Admirable collection of interesting, wide-awake, effective music, combined in a practical and thorough course. Ideal success in an Ideal singing class will result from using the book.

SONG BELLS. For common schools. *Emerson.* 50c.

Oliver Ditson & Co., Boston.

J. E. DITSON & CO. 1228 Chestnut St., Phila

HA! HA! HA! The latest and jolliest humorous book out. Full of the most mirth-provoking and laughable reading. **Only 15 cents; 8 copies for $1.** AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE. Address **THE GEM PUBLISHING CO., 12 Cannon Street, New York,** or ask your newsdealer to get it for you. Illustrated Catalogue of Desirable Books will be sent free on receipt of one cent stamp. **SEND FOR** ☞ **HA! HA! HA!**

ALLEN'S Brain Food cures Nervous Debility and Weakness of Generative Organs, $1—all druggists. Send for circular to Allen's Pharmacy, 313 First Avenue. N. Y

283

5,000 AGENTS WANTED TO SELL THE

LIFE OF GARFIELD!

His early life and career as soldier and statesman; his election and administration; his assassination; his heroic struggle for life; wonderful medical treatment; blood-poisoning; removal to Elberon; death, etc. *Profusely illustrated.* Splendid portrait of Garfield, his wife and mother; scene of the shooting; the sick-chamber; Guiteau in his cell; the surgeons, and the Cabinet. The *only complete* and *authentic* work. *There is a fortune for agents first in the field with this book.* Outfit **50c.** Speak quick. Address **HUBBARD BROS., 723 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.**

Piles AROMATIC MILK. A pleasant, speedy cure for Piles. One package—four doses—will cure in every case. Price One Dollar. Sold by Druggists or sent by mail.

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CAN CONSUMPTION BE CURED?

SOME INTERESTING LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Which should be read by those afflicted,

AND ALSO BY THOSE WHO, FROM HEREDITARY TAINT OR OTHER CAUSE, ARE LIABLE TO THE DISEASE.

Dr. Schenck gives the evidence on which he bases his assertion that

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

Clear and explicit statements from well-known persons, which should convince the most skeptical.

FROM MRS. EVENS WHO FORMERLY LIVED AT READING, PA.

Philadelphia, April 26th, 1880.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK,

DEAR SIR:—You will probably remember that when I last saw you with my little daughter, that you told me you would like to hear in regard to her health at least once in six months, as she might need more of your advice and medicine as she grew older.

My only apology for failing to call on you or to write is, that her health has been so good since you cured her, that I was well satisfied that she was not in need of medical attention. At the same time I feel that I owe you a debt of gratitude which I can never repay, unless it be that I can benefit you by giving a statement of her case for publication, and this I have concluded to do, as I know it will be of great use to others who are similarly afflicted.

In 1875 my daughter, who was then eight years of age, contracted a heavy cold, which soon settled on her lungs. The doctor whom I employed at that time told me that her lungs were affected. She had severe pain in her side and night sweats; and, as she had no appetite, she soon wasted away to almost a skeleton. Every one could see at this time that she was fast going with consumption. Both my husband and myself were very much prejudiced against all patent medicines, and although we had heard of many cures performed by your remedies, we delayed using them or getting your advice until she had been given up by all the doctors we had consulted.

We were living in Reading, Pa., at this time, and when we informed our friends that we had concluded to go to Philadelphia with our little daughter to get your advice, they all said that we were foolish to do so, as they did not think she could live to get there. She was indeed very low. We carried her all the way on pillows, and when we arrived at your office, it really seemed to us that it would be like raising one from the dead if you cured her. After an examination you said it *was possible* to cure her. We commenced to give your medicines that day, and in a few days after her appetite began to improve rapidly. Some weeks after this a swelling came on her side which grew very large and finally broke, discharging large quantities of matter. This continued for a long time, but as her appetite was continually improving, and she was apparently gaining strength, we continued the use of the medicines as you directed. Her night sweats and pain soon left her. Although she gained very slow, she finally entirely recovered; in fact she has had better health since her recovery than ever before. No one can doubt who saw her when so low, that it was your medicines and kind attention that saved her life.

Yours truly,
MRS. LIZZIE EVENS,
No. 737 N. 25th St., Philadelphia.

CURED.

Philadelphia, March 28th, 1881.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK;

DEAR SIR:—About two years ago I caught a heavy cold, from exposure after violent exercise at my trade, (blacksmithing) and soon after was attacked with severe bleeding from my lungs. Sometimes I would raise as much as a pint of clear blood at a time, and I have had as many as four hemorrhages in one night. I had night sweats for many months, was reduced in weight from 152 to 128 pounds.

I tried many cough remedies, but they only gave me temporary relief. While at the worst, I concluded to call on you. You examined my lungs and said they were badly affected, but that if I would follow your directions I could be cured. I began to use your medicines last February, and have continued their use to the present time. I now find myself well, having gained 15 pounds of flesh in the last six weeks. I have no more night sweats, hemorrhages or cough. In fact, I am feeling better than I have for years. I know that I can never repay you for all your kind personal attention to my case, but I shall be glad to do what I can by informing those similarly afflicted what your medicines have done for me. If any one wishes to call on me, they are welcome to do so.

Yours respectfully,
FRANCIS J. ASH,
No. 1902 Farrell St., Philadelphia.

Discharged from the Army in the Last Stages of Consumption. Cured by Dr. Schenck's Medicines.

Statement of MR. JULIUS BOYDEN, of Providence, R. I.

I was discharged from the U. S. Army in June, 1864, as an incurable Consumptive. My discharge reading thus: "Advanced Stage of Consumption of the Lungs." I was advised by the army surgeon to live out doors as much as possible. He informed my friends that I was incurable, but that with care I might be made comfortable for a time. My cough was almost without cessation. I raised matter from my lungs in large quantities, and I had all the other well-known symptoms of the disease. I took many remedies without benefit. In September I went to see Dr. Schenck, and soon after began to use his full course of medicines. I soon felt their beneficial effects, my cough growing less and less, and my strength coming back to me very fast. In the following April I was entirely well and came to Providence and went to work. From that time to this, I have been entirely well, not spending one dollar for doctors or medicines for myself.

I therefore know that Dr. Schenck's medicines are good and reliable in lung diseases. My cure was considered almost a miracle by those who knew me when I was discharged from the army.

JULIUS BOYDEN,
Of Boyden & Whelden, Grocers, 574 N. Main St., Providence, R. I., July 4th, 1881. Formerly of South Walpole, Mass.

No Medicines Have Ever Been Introduced to the Public that can Show Such an Array of Evidence in their Favor.

For other Certificates of Cures send for Dr. Schenck's Book on Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia. It gives a full description of these diseases in their various forms, also, valuable information in regard to the diet and clothing of the sick; how and when exercise should be taken, &c. This book is the result of many years of experience in the treatment of Lung Diseases, and should be read, not only by the afflicted, but by those who, from hereditary taint or other cause, suppose themselves liable to any affection of the throat or lungs.

IT IS SENT FREE, Post-paid to all Applicants.

Address, Dr. J. H. SCHENCK & SON, Corner of SIXTH and ARCH Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

WHY I HAVE THE UTMOST CONFIDENCE IN DR. J. H. SCHENCK AND HIS MEDICINES.

During the past two years, my mother and brother have died of Consumption. I was myself quite unwell most of this time, and when; shortly after their death, I was attacked with cough and severe hemorrhages, I naturally concluded that I was destined to go with the same disease. I immediately consulted a physician, who made a specialty of lung diseases. After examining me, he said that he thought my lungs were sound, and that I would soon recover. In less than a week after this, I had another severe hemorrhage. Thinking that my physician had made a mistake in my case, I consulted another doctor. He thought my lungs affected, and prescribed for me for a long time. I got no better under his treatment, but generally worse. My cough was very bad, my appetite entirely gone, I had severe pain in my right side, and for months I did not sleep more than two or three hours in a night. My tongue was heavily coated and I had a bad taste in my mouth. I had the headache almost all the time.

Feeling that something must be done, I at last concluded to consult with Dr. Schenck, the physician who, I think, I have good reason to believe to be the best in the treatment of lung disease. I went to his office in Boston, and was examined. He found my left lung quite badly diseased, and my liver seriously affected. He told me that I could be cured if I would follow his directions. Of course, I consented to do so, and I very soon was satisfied that my confidence in his ability was well placed. I took the Mandrake Pills, Sea-Weed Tonic and Pulmonic Syrup all at one time, as directed by him, and within one month my worst symptoms were gone. I went to see the Doctor on his next visit to Boston, which was one month after the first time I saw him, and he said, "Only continue with the medicine and you will surely get well." I did so, and kept on gaining in every way until I was perfectly well, and able to work as usual. Since my recovery I have not lost a day's time, except when I have made friendly visits to the Doctor at his Boston office. My cough is gone, my appetite is good, I have no headache or pain in my side, I sleep better than I ever did in my life, and my lungs are apparently healed, as I have no hemorrhages.

These are the reasons why I believe in and recommend Dr. J. H. Schenck and his medicines. He did just what he said he would do for me, and I believe that I owe my life to his medicines and care.

FRED. F. TRULL,
Hudson, Mass., May 25, 1881.

Chronic Irritation of the Throat Cured.

Philadelphia, August 18th, 1880.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK:

Dear Sir:—For several years I was troubled with a chronic irritation in my throat, so that every time I took a little cold I commenced to cough, and as I took cold very easily, I was coughing more or less every day from November to May. In February, 1862, I saw one of your pamphlets, which told what the Pulmonic Syrup would do. I bought a bottle of it, although I had not much faith in it, and in three days my cough entirely left me; but I kept a bottle of the Syrup in my house for two or three years, so that whenever I took cold, or had a little tickling in my throat, I would take a small swallow of it when I went to bed, and that was the last of it. My throat now is, and has been for several years, as well as it ever was, and I now seldom take cold, or if I do, it only lasts some twenty-four hours. Thanks to the Pulmonic Syrup. I have recommended it to a great many persons in the last eighteen years, and it has given general satisfaction.

Very respectfully Yours,
E. HAVEN,
No. 1636 North 21st St., Philadelphia, Pa.

From MR. JOHN HERTZLER,

Residence, 1309 Master St., Philadelphia.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK:

Dear Sir:—I am anxious that others should know of the great curative properties of your medicines. For three years I was afflicted with a constant cough, accompanied by an expectoration of ropy phlegm. My cough was so bad that I could sleep very little, day or night. I lost my appetite, and was very much reduced in flesh, and was so weak that it was as much as I could do to walk a square. I used all the remedies that were recommended by friends, and many that I saw advertised in the papers, but received no relief from their use. At last, I was taken with a severe hemorrhage, which reduced me still more. Soon after this my wife procured one of your books, and reading the description of my disease in it, she insisted on my giving your remedies a trial. My daughter, who resides in Albany, N. Y., also wrote about this time, that she had heard of several cures there by their use; and so I was induced to use them.

I began by using all three of your medicines at one time, as you direct: that is, the Mandrake Pills, Seaweed Tonic and Pulmonic Syrup. I could see that they were doing me good from the first—my appetite improved, I became gradually stronger, and my cough was so much better that I could rest quite comfortably all night, a thing I have not done before in many months. Now, after using the medicines for about six weeks, I am well. I consider your remedies as magical in their effects, and I write you this letter that others may know of their great curative qualities in diseases of the throat and lungs. I shall be pleased to have any one who is afflicted, call on or address me.

JOHN HERTZLER,
Phila. Feb. 14, 1881. 1309 Master St.

FROM AKRON, OHIO.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

Akron, Ohio, Feb. 17th, 1881.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK:

Dear Sir:—Having been asked by many in regard to your medicines, and the benefit I had received from them, I have concluded to give you an account of my case. In the Winter of 1873 I was pronounced an incurable Consumptive by every physician of this place, as well as several in Cleveland. I had all the symptoms—cough, night-sweats, great debility and loss of flesh. I was reduced in weight from one hundred and fifty pounds to eighty pounds. I had given up all hope of recovery, when I was told by Mr. James Scanlan that he had used your medicines with good effect, and he advised me to give them a trial, although I do not think he believed they would cure me, for I was so sick at this time that no one thought that I would ever get well. I thought however, that they might give me temporary relief, and with this object I commenced to use your Pulmonic Syrup. I had not taken it two days before I felt great relief, especially in the severity of my cough. I then took the Mandrake Pills and Seaweed Tonic, and in two weeks my appetite came back, and I began to gain strength. I took your medicines for about three months. I was too sick to do any kind of work for two years. Your medicines made a perfect cure, and I have been in good health ever since. I do not know that I can say more than this, unless it be that I believe your medicines to be good, and that they will do all that you say they will do.

Yours very Truly,
J. A. REILLY.

TWO LETTERS FROM OHIO—DO NOT FAIL TO READ THEM.

Hanesville, Meigs Co., Ohio, July 5th, 1880.

DR. SCHENCK:

Dear Sir:—I write this to give you an account of my case, and to ask if your medicines will do me any good.

I am forty-five years of age, and before this sickness I was a strong, healthy man. I am six feet two inches high, and broad shouldered, my usual weight before my sickness being about one hundred and eighty-six pounds. The first indication I had of any disease was a slight tickling in my throat, which in a week or so developed into a hacking cough. This has continued for a long time and troubles me so much that I cannot sleep at night. I have lost my appetite, and from lack of nourishment have grown so weak that I can walk but a short distance before I am completely exhausted and obliged to lie down. I have a great deal of roaring and wheezing in my breast, which leads me to think that the bronchial tubes are all stopped up. My bowels are usually costive, and I have lost thirty or forty pounds of flesh.

Please let me hear from you soon. Your medicines are not sold in this neighborhood, but if you advise me to use them I will send to Gallipolis for them. Yours Truly.

LEVI JACKS.

Hanesville, Meigs Co., O., Feb. 21st, 1882.

DR. SCHENCK;

Dear Sir:—Please excuse me for not writing to you before this. You will remember that when I wrote to you last July, I was very low with Consumption. As soon as I received your letter I sent for the medicines you told me to get, that is, your Mandrake Pills, Seaweed Tonic and Pulmonic Syrup, and began to use them as directed. I soon saw a marked improvement in all my symptoms, and after using them for some time, I was entirely cured. I am now free from all pain and trouble with my lungs, and weigh more than I ever did in my life. I am very thankful to you for your attention to my case, and I do not believe that I should be alive to-day but for the timely use of your medicines. Consumption is in my family, my father having died of it at the age of forty; as well as several other members of my family. I advise all who have Consumption or any Lung trouble to use your remedies, as I believe them to be the best medicines in the world. Since my recovery, I have been told by a doctor that he did not know what was in your medicines, but that they had cured me of Consumption.

Yours Truly,
LEVI JACKS.

DR. SCHENCK'S MEDICINES.

PULMONIC SYRUP,
SEA WEED TONIC
and MANDRAKE PILLS,

are for sale by all Druggists, and full directions for their use are printed on the wrappers of every package.

DR. SCHENCK can be consulted, free of charge at his principal office, corner SIXTH and ARCH Streets, Philadelphia, every Mondy. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

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